# STATE MODEL SYLLABUS FOR UNDER GRADUATE COURSE IN POLITICAL SCIENCE (Bachelor of Arts Examination)

# UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

### **Course structure of UG Political Science Honours**

Semester	Course	Course Name	Credits	Total marks
I	AECC-I	AEC-I	04	100
	C-I	Understanding Political Theory	06	100
	C-II	Constitutional Government and Democracy in India	06	100
	GE-I	Feminism: Theory and Practice	06	100
			22	
II	AECC-II	AEC-II	4	100
	C-III	Political Theory-Concepts and Debates	06	100
	C-IV	Political Process in India	06	100
	GE-II	Governance: Issues and Challenges	06	100
			22	
III	C-V	Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics	06	100
	C-VI	Introduction to Public Administration	06	100
	C-VII	Perspectives on International Relations	06	100
	GE-III	Gandhi and the Contemporary World	06	100

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	SEC-I	SEC-I(to be selected by the	04	100
		University/College from the		
		Repertoire of SEC courses)		
			28	
IV	C-VIII	Political Processes and Institutions in Comparative Perspective	06	100
	C-IX	Public Policy and Administration in India	06	100
	C-X	Global Politics	06	100
	GE-IV	United Nations and Global Conflicts	06	100
	SEC-II	SEC-II (to be selected by the University/College from the	04	100
		Repertoire of SEC courses)		
		Tree tree tree tree tree tree tree tree	28	
Semester	Course	Course Name	Credits	Total marks
V	C-XI	Western Political Philosophy	06	100
	C-XII	Indian Political Thought( Ancient & Medieval)	06	100
	DSE-I	Introduction to Human Rights	06	100
	DSE-II	Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India	06	100
			24	
VI	C-XIII	Contemporary Political Philosophy	06	100

C-XIV	Modern Indian Political Thought	06	100
DSE-III	India's Foreign Policy in a Changing world	06	100
DSE-IV	Women, Power and Politics	06	100
OR			
DSE-IV	Dissertation	06	100*
		24	

Discipline Specific Elective Papers: (Credit: 06 each) (4 papers to be selected by students of Political Science Honours): DSE 1-IV

- 1. Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective
- 2. Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India (PROJECT)
- 3. India's Foreign Policy in a Globalizing world
- 4. Women, Power and Politics
- 5. Project \*Dissertation (can be opted as alternative of DSE-IV only and of 6 credits. Dissertation content: 50, Seminar: 30, Viva: 20) as per regulation

#### POLITICAL SCIENCE

#### **HONOURS PAPERS:**

Core course – Designated as CI to C XIV i.e. 14 papers
Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) – 4 papers
Generic Elective (GE) for non Public Administration students—4 papers. Ir

Generic Elective (GE) for non Public Administration students— 4 papers. Incase University offers 2 subjects as GE, then papers 1 and 2 will be the GE paper.

Marks per paper - Midterm: 20 marks, End term: 80 marks, Total – 100 marks

#### Core Paper I (C-I)

#### UNDERSTANDING POLITICAL THEORY

**Introduction:** This course is divided into two sections. Section 'A' introduces the students to the idea of political theory, its history and approaches and an assessment of its critical and contemporary trends. Section 'B' is designed to reconcile political theory and practices through reflections on the ideas and practices related to democracy.

#### **UNIT-1: Introducing Political Theory**

- (i) What is Politics: Theorizing the 'Political'
- (ii) Traditions of Political Theory: Liberal, Marxist, Anarchist and Conservative
- (iii) Approaches to Political Theory: Normative, Historical, Behavioural and Post-behavioural

#### **UNIT-II**: Critical and Contemporary Perspectives in Political Theory

- (i) Theories of Feminism: Feminist and Postmodern
- (ii) Modernism and Post -modernism

#### **UNIT-III: Political theory and Practice**

- (i) Democracy: Liberal and Marxist.
- (ii) Procedural Democracy and its critique

#### **UNIT-IV: The Grammar of Democracy**

- (i) Deliberative Democracy
- (ii) Participation and Representation

#### **Text Books**

- Bhargava, R. and Ashok Acharya (2008) 'Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman.
- Vinod, M.J and Deshpande, Meena (2013) 'Contemporary Political Theory', PHI, New Delhi
- Verma, S. P. (1996) 'Modern Political Theory', Vikash Publishing, 3<sup>rd</sup> Reprint, New Delhi.
- Ramaswamy, Sushila (2010), 'Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts', PHI Learning, New Delhi
- Bellamy, R. (1993), (ed.) 'Theories and Concepts of Politics'. New York: Manchester University Press.

- Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) 'Theory and Methods in Political Science'. London: Macmillan.
- Heywood, Andrew (2016) (Reprint) 'Political Theory: An Introduction', Palgrave, UK.

#### **Further Reading**

- Kukathas, Ch. and Gaus, G. F. (2004) (eds.) 'Handbook of Political Theory'. New Delhi, Sage.
- Vincent, A. (2004) 'The Nature of Political Theory'. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Mckinnon, C. (ed.) (2008) 'Issues in Political Theory', New York: Oxford University Press.
- Arblaster, A. (1994) 'Democracy', (2nd Edition), Buckingham: Open University Press.
- Parekh, B. (2000), 'Rethinking Multiculturalism: Cultural Diversity and Political Theory', Macmillan Press, London.

#### **Core Paper II(C-II)**

#### CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT AND DEMOCRACY IN INDIA

**Introduction:** This course acquaints students with the Constitutional design of state structures and institutions, and their actual working over time. The Indian Constitution accommodates conflicting impulses (of liberty and justice, territorial decentralization and a strong union, for instance) within itself. The course traces the embodiment of some of these conflicts in constitutional provisions, and shows how these have played out in political practice. It further encourages a study of state institutions in their mutual interaction, and in interaction with the larger extra-constitutional environment

#### **UNIT-I:** The Constituent Assembly and the Constitution

- i) Formation and working of the Constituent Assembly
- ii) The Philosophy of the constitution: The Preamble and its Features.
- iii) Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties

#### **UNIT-II: Organs of Government**

- i) The Legislature and the Executive
- ii) The Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts

#### **UNIT-III: Federalism**

- i) Federalism: Centre-State relations
- ii) Recent trends in federalism

#### **UNIT-IV: Decentralization**

- i) Panchayati Raj Institutions: Composition, Powers and functions of Gram Panchayat, Panchayat Samiti and Zilla Parishad.
- ii) Municipalities: Composition Powers and function of Municipal Corporation, Municipal Council and Notified Area Council

#### **Text Books**

• G. Austin, (2010) 'The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation', New Delhi, Oxford

- University Press, 15th print.
- R. Bhargava (ed.) 'Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- D. Basu, (2012) 'Introduction to the Constitution of India', New Delhi, Lexis Nexis.
- S. Chaube, (2009) 'The Making and Working of the Indian Constitution', New Delhi, National Book Trust.
- G. Austin, (2000) 'Working a Democratic Constitution', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- B. Shankar and V. Rodrigues, (2011), 'The Indian Parliament: A Democracy at Work', New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- P. Mehta and N. Jayal (2010) (eds.) 'The Oxford Companion to Politics in India', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.

- Mehra and G. Kueck (eds.) 'The Indian Parliament: A Comparative Perspective', New Delhi, Konark.
- B. Kirpal et.al (eds.) 'Supreme but not Infallible: Essays in Honour of the Supreme Court of India', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- L. Rudolph and S. Rudolph, (2008) 'Explaining Indian Institutions: A Fifty Year Perspective, 1956-2006', Volume 2, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- M. Singh, and R. Saxena (2011) (eds.), 'Indian Politics: Constitutional Foundations and Institutional Functioning', Delhi: PHI Learning Private Ltd.
- K. Roy, C. Saunders and J. Kincaid (2006) (eds.) 'A Global Dialogue on Federalism', Volume 3Montreal, Queen's University Press

#### **Core Paper III (C - III)**

#### POLITICAL THEORY-CONCEPTS AND DEBATES

**Introduction**: This course is divided into two sections. Section A helps the student familiarize with the basic normative concepts of political theory. Each concept is related to a crucial political issue that requires analysis with the aid of our conceptual understanding. This exercise is designed to encourage critical and reflective analysis and interpretation of social practices through the relevant conceptual tool kit. Section B introduces the students to the important debates in the subject. These debates prompt us to consider that there is no settled way of understanding concepts and that in the light of new insights and challenges, besides newer ways of perceiving and interpreting the world around us, we inaugurate new modes of Political debates.

#### **UNIT-I: Importance of Freedom**

- (i) Negative Freedom and Positive Freedom, Freedom of belief, expression and dissent
- (ii) Equality: Meaning and Types, Egalitarianism: Social Exclusion & Affirmative action

#### **UNIT-II: Indispensability of Justice**

- (i) Justice: Meaning and Types
- (ii) Procedural, Distributive and Global Justice.

#### **UNIT-III: The Universality of Rights**

- (i) Rights: Natural, Moral and Legal
- (ii) Three Generations of Rights

#### **UNIT-IV: Major debates**

- (i) Political obligation: Grounds
- (ii) Cultural Relativism and Multiculturalism.

#### **Text Book**

- Verma, S. P. (1996) 'Modern Political Theory', Vikash Publishing, 3<sup>rd</sup> Reprint, New Delhi.
- Vinod, M.J and Deshpande, Meena ( 2013) Contemporary Political Theory, PHI, New Delhi
- Ramaswamy, Sushila (2010), 'Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts', PHI Learning, New Delhi
- Bellamy, R. (1993), (ed.) *Theories and Concepts of Politics*. New York: Manchester University Press.
- Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) 'Theory and Methods in Political Science'. London, Macmillan.
- Heywood, Andrew (2016) (Reprint), 'Political Theory: An Introduction', Palgrave, UK.

#### **Reference Books**

- Bellamy, Richard and Mason, Andrew (1993) (eds.) 'Political Concepts' Manchester, Manchester University Press.
- Knowles, Dudley. (2001) 'Political Philosophy', London, Routledge.
- Mckinnon, Catriona (2008) (ed.) 'Issues in Political Theory', New York: Oxford University Press.
- Swift, Adam. (2001) 'Political Philosophy: A Beginners Guide for Student's and Politicians', Cambridge, Polity Press.
- La Follett, Hugh (2003) (ed.) 'The Oxford Handbook of Practical Ethic'. New York, Oxford University Press.
- Knowles, Dudley. (2001) 'Political Philosophy', London, Routledge.

#### Core Paper IV (C-IV)

#### POLITICAL PROCESS IN INDIA

**Introduction:** Actual politics in India diverges quite significantly from constitutional legal rules. An understanding of the political process thus calls for a different mode of analysis - that offered by political sociology. This course maps the working of 'modern' institutions, premised on the existence of an individuated society, in a context marked by communitarian solidarities, and their mutual transformation thereby. It also familiarizes students with the working of the Indian state, paying attention to the contradictory dynamics of modern state power.

#### Political Parties, the Party system and Determinants of Voting Behaviour

#### **UNIT-I: Indian party system**

- (i) Party System in India: Features and Trends
- (ii) Voting Behaviour and Its determinants: Caste, Class, Gender and Religion.
- (iii) Election Commission: Constitution and Functions, Electoral Reforms

#### **UNIT-II: Regionalism, Religion and Politics**

- (i) Regionalism: Causes and its trends,
- (ii) Secularism and Communalism: Debates

#### **UNIT-III: Caste and Politics**

- i) Caste and Politics: Politicisation of Caste
- ii) Affirmative Action: Policies, Women, Caste and Marginalized Class

#### **UNIT-IV: The Changing Nature of the India State**

- (i) Developmental and Welfare Dimensions
- (ii) Coercive Dimension

#### **Text books**

- Kaviraj, Sudipta(2009) 'Politics in India', Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- Kohli, Atul (2004) (ed.) 'The Success of India's Democracy', New Delhi, Cambridge University Press.
- Kothari, R (1970) 'Caste in Indian Politics', Delhi, Orient Longman.
- M. John, (ed) (2008) 'Women in India: A Reader, Penguin, India
- P. Brass, (1999) 'The Politics of India since Independence, New Delhi, Cambridge University Press and Foundation Books.
- P. Mehta and N. Jayal (2010) (eds.) 'The Oxford Companion to Politics in India', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Z. Hasan (2002) (ed.) 'Parties and Party Politics in India', New Delhi: Oxford University Press
- Z. Hasan, E. Sridharan and R. Sudarshan (2002) (eds.) 'India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices, Controversies', New Delhi, Permanent Black.

- N. Menon and A. Nigam, (2007) 'Power and Contestation: India since 1989', London, Fernwood Publishing, Halifax and Zed Books.
- R. Vora and S. Palshikar (eds.) 'Indian Democracy: Meanings and Practices', New Delhi, Sage.
- Shah, G (ed.) 'Social Movements and the State', New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- P. deSouza and E. Sridharan (eds.) 'India's Political Parties', New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- A S. Ganguly, L. Diamond and M. Plattner (eds.) 'The State of India's Democracy', Baltimore,

#### Core Paper V (C - V)

#### INTRODUCTION TO COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

**Introduction:** This is a foundational course in comparative politics. The purpose is to familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of comparative politics. More specifically the course will focus on examining politics in a historical framework while engaging with various themes of comparative analysis in developed and developing countries.

#### **UNIT-1: Understanding Comparative Politics**

- (i) Meaning, Nature, scope and Evolution
- (ii) Approaches to the study of Comparative Politics

#### **UNIT-II:** Historical context of modern government

- (i) Capitalism: meaning and development
- (ii) Globalization: Features & impact

#### UNIT-III: Historical context of Modern Government- II

- (i) Socialism: Meaning, Types and its growth
- (ii) Rise and Decline of Communism as a Ruling Ideology
- (iv) Colonialism and decolonization: meaning, context, forms of colonialism

#### **UNIT-IV: Themes of Comparative Politics**

- (i) A comparative study of Governments of USA & China
- (ii) US: President, Congress, Supreme Court
- (iii) China: People's Congress, National Assembly, Role of Communist Party of China

#### Text books:

- Bhagwan, Vishnoo et al (2012) 'World Constitutions', Sterling Publishers, New Delhi
- Chilcote, Ronald (1994) 'Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered', Westview Press, Boulder.
- G. Ritzer, (2002) 'Globalization: A Basic Text'. London, Wiley-Blackwell.
- Huntington, Samuel, (1968) 'Political Order in Changing Societies', Yale University Press, New Haven.
- Kapur, A.C and K.K. Mishra (2010) 'Select Constitutions', S. Chand, New Delhi
- Suresh. R(2010), 'Economy and Society: Evolution of Capitalism', Sage, New Delhi

- P. Burnell, et. al, 'Politics in the Developing World'. New Delhi: Oxford University Press,
- J. McCormick, (2007) 'Comparative Politics in Transition', UK, Wadsworth.

- L. Barrington et. al (2010) 'Comparative Politics Structures and Choices', Boston, Wadsworth,
- M. Kesselman, J. Krieger and William (2010), 'Introduction to Comparative Politics: Political Challenges and Changing Agendas', UK, Wadsworth.
- J. Kopstein and M. Lichbach. (eds.) 'Comparative Politics: Interest, Identities and Institutions in a Changing Global Order'. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

#### Core Paper VI (C-VI)

#### INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

**Introduction:** The course provides an introduction to the discipline of public administration. This paper encompasses public administration in its historical context with an emphasis on the various classical and contemporary administrative theories. The course also explores some of the recent trends, including feminism and ecological conservation and how the call for greater democratization is restructuring public administration. The course will also attempt to provide the students a comprehensive understanding on contemporary administrative developments.

#### **UNIT-1: Public Administration as a Discipline**

- (i) Meaning, Scope and Significance of the Discipline, Public and Private Administration
- (ii) Evolution of Public Administration

#### **UNIT-II: Theoretical Perspectives**

#### **Classical Theories**

- (i) Scientific management (F. W. Taylor), Ideal-type bureaucracy (Max Weber)
- (ii) Administrative Management (Gullick, Urwick and Favol)

#### **UNIT-III: Neo-Classical and Contemporary Theories**

- (i) Human Relations theory (Elton Mayo), Rational decision-making (Herbert Simon)
- (ii) Ecological approach (Fred Riggs), Innovation and Entrepreneurship (Peter Drucker)

#### UNIT-IV: Public Policy and Major Approaches in Public Administration

- (i) Public Policy-Concept and approaches, Formulation, implementation and evaluation
- (ii) New Public Administration, New Public Management, New Public Service Approach
- (iii) Good Governance, Feminist Perspectives in Governance

#### **Text Books**

- B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya (eds), 'Administrative Change and Innovation: A Reader', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Basu, Rumki, (2014) 'Public Administration: Concepts and Theories', Sterling Publishers, New Delhi

- D. Ravindra Prasad, Y. Pardhasaradhi, V. S. Prasad and P. Satyrnarayana, (2010) (eds.) 'Administrative Thinkers', Sterling Publishers.
- J. Shafritz, and A. Hyde, (2004) (eds.) 'Classics of Public Administration', 5th Edition. Belmont, Wadsworth.
- M. Bhattacharya, (2008) 'New Horizons of Public Administration', 5th Revised Edition. New Delhi, Jawahar Publishers.
- M. Bhattacharya, (2011) 'New Horizons of Public Administration', New Delhi: Jawahar Publishers.
- M. Bhattacharya, (2012) 'Restructuring Public Administration: A New Look', New Delhi, Jawahar Publishers,
- N. Henry, (2013) 'Public Administration and Public Affairs', 12th edition. New Jersey, Pearson,
- Shafritz, J. and Hyde, A., (1997) (eds.) 'Classics of Public Administration', 4th Edition. Forth Worth, Hartcourt Brace, TX.

- B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya (2003) (eds.), 'Public Administration: A Reader', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- B. Chakrabarty, (2007) 'Reinventing Public Administration: The India Experience'. New Delhi, Orient Longman,
- B. Miner, (2006) 'Organisational Behaviour: Historical Origins and the Future'. New York,
- F. Riggs, (1964) 'Administration in Developing Countries: The Theory of Prismatic Society'. Boston, Houghton Miffin.
- F. Riggs, (1961) 'The Ecology of Public Administration', Part 3, New Delhi, Asia Publishing House.
- M. Bhattacharya, (2006) 'Social Theory, Development Administration and Development Ethics', New Delhi, Jawahar Publishers.
- Nivedita Menon (1999), (ed.) 'Gender and Politics', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Peter F. Ducker, (2006) 'The Practice of Management', Harper Collins.
- S. Maheshwari, (2009) 'Administrative Thinkers', New Delhi: Macmillan

#### **Core Paper VII (C-VII)**

#### PERSPECTIVES ON INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Introduction: This paper seeks to equip students with the basic intellectual tools for understanding International Relations. It introduces students to some of the most important theoretical approaches for studying international relations. The course begins by historically contextualizing the evolution of the international state system before discussing the agency-structure problem through the levels-of-analysis approach. After having set the parameters of the debate, students are introduced to different theories in International Relations. It provides a fairly comprehensive overview of the major political developments and events starting from the twentieth century. Students are expected to learn about the key milestones in world history and equip them with the tools to understand and analyze the same from different perspectives. A key objective of the course is to make students aware of the implicit

Euro-centricism of International Relations by highlighting certain specific perspectives from the Global South.

#### **UNIT-I: Studying International Relations**

- (i) International Relations: Meaning, Scope and Evolution, Emergence of International State System
- (ii) National Interest-Key Determinants of International Relations
- (iii) Power-Cornerstone of International Relations

#### **UNIT-II: Theoretical Perspectives**

- (i) Classical Realism & Neo-Realism, Liberalism & Neo-liberalism
- (ii) Marxist Approaches, Feminist Perspectives, Euro- centricism & Perspective from the Global South

#### UNIT-III: An Overview of Twentieth Century IR History-I

- (i) World War I: Causes & Consequences, significance of Bolshevik Revolution
- (ii) Rise of Fascism / Nazism, World war II-Causes & Consequences

#### **UNIT-IV: An Overview of Twentieth Century IR-II**

- (i) Cold War Evolution& Different Phases (4 Lectures) Disintegration of USSR
- (ii) Emergence of the Third World, End of the Cold War

#### **Text Books**

- Basu, Rumki (2012) (ed.) 'International Politics: Concepts, Theories and Issues', New Delhi.
- Baylis & S. Smith (2002) (eds.), 'The Globalization of World Politics', Oxford University Press, UK, 4th edition, 2007 W.Bello, Deglobalization, Zed Books, London.
- M. Nicholson, (2002) 'International Relations: A Concise Introduction', New York, Palgrave.
- P. Viotti and M. Kauppi, (2007) 'International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity', Pearson Education.
- R. Jackson and G. Sorensen, (2007) 'Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches', 3rd Edition, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- S. Joshua. Goldstein and J. Pevehouse, (2007) 'International Relations', New York, Pearson Longman.

- 1. Calvocoressi, P. (2001) 'World Politics: 1945—2000'. Essex, Pearson.
- 1. Dey, Dipankar (2007)(ed.), 'Sustainable Development: Perspectives and Initiatives', ICFAI University Press, Hyderabad,
- 2. K. Booth and S. Smith, (eds), 'International Relations Theory Today', Pennsylvania, The Pennsylvania State University Press.
- 3. M. Smith and R. Little (2000) (eds.), 'Perspectives on World Politics', New York, Routledge

#### **Core Paper VIII(C-VIII)**

#### POLITICAL PROCESSES AND INSTITUTIONS IN COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVE

**Introduction:** In this course students will be trained in the application of comparative methods to the study of politics. The course is comparative in both what we study and how we study. In the process the course aims to introduce undergraduate students to some of the range of issues, literature, and methods that cover comparative political.

#### **UNIT-I: Approaches to Studying Comparative Politics**

- (i) Political Culture Meaning, Types & relevance.
- (ii) New Institutionalism Meaning, Background, Significance

#### **UNIT-II: Election& Party System**

- (i) Definition and procedures: Types of election system (First Past the Post, Proportional Representation, Mixed Representation)
- (ii) Party System -Evolution, Theories and types

#### **UNIT-III: Nation-state**

- (i) Nation-state; Meaning and Evolution in West Europe
- (ii) Nation and State; Debates in Post-colonial contexts

#### **UNIT-IV: Democratization in Post- colonial societies**

- (i) Democratization in Post-authoritarian countries and in Post-communist countries
- (ii) Federalism: Meaning and Features, Federation& Confederation: Debates around territorial division of power.

#### **Text Books**

- A. Heywood, (2002) 'Politics', New York, Palgrave.
- J. Bara and M. Pennington, (eds.) *Comparative politics*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- J. Bara and Pennington. (2009) (eds.) 'Comparative Politics: Explaining Democratic System', Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- J. Ishiyama, and M. Breuning, (2011) (eds) '21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book', Los Angeles, Sage Publications.
- M. Lichback and A. Zuckerman, (eds.) 'Comparative Political: Rationality, Culture, and Structure'. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.

#### **Reference Books**

• R. Watts, (2008) 'Comparing Federal Systems'. Montreal and Kingston, McGill Queen's

- University Press.
- Saxena, R (2011) (eds.) 'Varieties of Federal Governance: Major Contemporary Models', New Delhi, Cambridge University Press.
- T. Landman, (2003) 'Issues and Methods of Comparative Methods: An Introduction'. London, Routledge.

#### Core Paper IX (C-IX)

#### PUBLIC POLICY AND ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA

**Introduction:** The paper seeks to provide an introduction to the interface between public policy and administration in India. The essence of public policy lies in its effectiveness in translating the governing philosophy into programs and policies and making it a part of the community living. It deals with issues of decentralization, financial management, citizens and administration and social welfare from a non-western perspective.

#### **UNIT-I: Public Policy**

- i) Definition, characteristics and models
- ii) Public Policy Process in India

#### **UNIT-II: Decentralization**

- (i) Meaning, significance, types and approaches to decentralization.
- (ii) Local Self Governance: Rural and Urban

#### **UNIT-III: Budget and Social Welfare Administration**

- (i) Concept and Significance of Budget, Budget cycle in India, Types of Budgeting
- (ii) Concept and Approaches of Social Welfare.
- (iii) Social Welfare Policies:
  - (a) Education: Right to Education,
  - (b) **Health:** National Health Mission,
  - (c) Food: Right to Food Security,
  - (d) **Employment:** MNREGA

#### **UNIT-I V: Citizen and Administration Interface**

- (i) Public Service Delivery System;
- (ii) Redressal of Public Grievances: RTI, Lokpal, Citizens' Charter and e-Governance

#### **Text Books**

• Basu Rumki (2015) 'Public Administration in India Mandates, Performance and Future Perspectives', New Delhi, Sterling Publishers

- Bidyut Chakrabarty, (2007) 'Reinventing Public Administration: The Indian Experience', Orient Longman,
- Henry, N. (1999) 'Public Administration and Public Affairs', New Jersey, Prentice Hall
- Jean Drèze and Amartya Sen, (1995) 'India, Economic Development and Social Opportunity', Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- R.B. Denhardt and J.V. Denhardt, (2009) 'Public Administration', New Delhi, Brooks/Cole
- Satyajit Singh and Pradeep K. Sharma (2007) (eds.) 'Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India', Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Singh, S. and Sharma, P. (2007) (eds.) 'Decentralization: Institutions and Politics in Rural India'. New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Vasu Deva, (2005) 'E-Governance In India: A Reality', Commonwealth Publishers.
- Vijaya Kumar, (2012) 'Right to Education Act 2009: Its Implementation as to Social Development in India', Delhi: Akansha Publishers.

- 'World Development Report', (1992) World Bank, Oxford University Press,.
- Anderson, (1975) 'Public Policy Making', New York, Thomas Nelson and sons Ltd.
- Gabriel Almond and Sidney Verba, (1965) 'The Civic Culture', Boston, Little Brown.
- J.Dreze and Amartya Sen, (1997) 'Indian Development: Selected Regional Perspectives', Oxford, Clareland Press
- Jayal, N.G (1999) 'Democracy and The State: Welfare, Secular and Development in Contemporary India', Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- Jugal Kishore, (2005) National Health Programs of India: National Policies and Legislations, Century Publications.
- Lee and Mills, (1983) 'The Economic of Health In Developing Countries', Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- M. Howlett, M. Ramesh, and A. Perl, (2009), 'Studying Public Policy: Policy Cycles and Policy subsystems', 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- Marma Mukhopadhyay and Madhu Parhar (2007) (ed.) 'Education in India: Dynamics of Development' New Delhi, Shipra Publications.
- Noorjahan Bava, (2001) 'Development Policies and Administration in India', Delhi, Uppal Publishers.
- R. Putnam, (1993) 'Making Democracy Work', Princeton University Press.
- T. Dye, (2002) 'Understanding Public Policy', New Delhi, Pearson
- United Nation Development Programme, (1997)'Reconceptualising Governance', New York
- Y. Dror, (1989) 'Public Policy Making Reexamined'. Oxford, Transaction Publication.

#### Core Paper X (C-X)

#### **GLOBAL POLITICS**

**Introduction**: This course introduces students to the key debates on the meaning and nature of globalization by addressing its political, economic, social, cultural and technological dimensions. In keeping with the most important debates within the globalization discourse, it imparts an understanding of the working of the world economy, its anchors and resistances offered by global social movements while analyzing the changing nature of relationship between the state and transnational actors and networks. The course also offers insights into key contemporary global issues such as the proliferation of nuclear weapons, ecological issues, international terrorism, and human security before concluding with a debate on the phenomenon of global governance.

#### **UNIT-I: Globalization: Conceptions**

- (i) Understanding Globalization and its Alternative Perspectives, Non-Proliferation Regimes
- (ii) Global Economy: Its significance & anchors of Global Political Economy: IMF, World Bank, WTO, TNCs

#### **UNIT-II: Globalization: Perspectives**

- (i) Political Debates on Sovereignty and Territoriality
- (ii) Cultural and Technological Dimensions
- (iii) Global Resistances (Global Social Movements and NGOs)
- (iv) Ecological Issues: International Environmental Agreements, Climate Change

#### **UNIT-III: Contemporary Global Issues-I**

- (i) Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons
- (ii) International Terrorism: Non-State Actors and State Terrorism; Post 9/11 developments

#### **UNIT-IV: Contemporary Global Issues-II**

- (i) Migration & Human Security
- (ii) Global Shifts: Power and Governance

#### **Text Books**

- G. Ritzer, (2010) 'Globalization: A Basic Text', Sussex: Wiley-Blackwell.
- M. Strager, (2009) 'Globalization: A Very Short Introduction', London, Oxford University Press.
- Heywood, (2011) 'Global Politics', New York, Palgrave-McMillan.
- J. Baylis, S. Smith and P. Owens (2011) (eds.) 'Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations', New York, Oxford University Press.
- W. Ellwood, (2005) 'The No-nonsense Guide to Globalization', Jaipur, Rawat Publications.
- D. Held and A. McGrew (2000) (eds.) 'The Global Trans-Formations Reader', Cambridge, Polity Press.

- A. Narlikar, (2005) 'The World Trade Organization: A Very Short Introduction', New York, Oxford University Press.
- Goldstein, (2006) 'International Relations', New Delhi, Pearson.
- P. Hirst, G. Thompson and S. Bromley, (2009) 'Globalization in Question', Cambridge, Polity Press.
- D. Held et al, (1999) 'Global Transformations: Politics, Economics and Culture', California, Stanford University Press.
- F. Lechner and J. Boli (ed.), (2004) 'The Globalization Reader', London, Blackwell.(WTO).
- G. Ritzer, (2010) 'Globalization: A Basic Text', Sussex, Wiley-Blackwell.
- T. Cohn, (2009) 'Global Political Economy', New Delhi, Pearson.
- D. Held and A. McGrew (eds.), (2002) 'Global Transformations Reader: Politics, Economics and Culture', Cambridge, Polity Press.
- A. Vanaik, (ed.), (2004) 'Globalization and South Asia: Multidimensional Perspectives', New Delhi, Manohar Publications.

#### Core Paper XI (C-XI)

#### WESTERN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

**Introduction:** This course goes back to Greek antiquity and familiarizes students with the manner in which the political questions were first posed. Machiavelli comes as an interlude inaugurating modern politics followed by Hobbes and Locke, Rousseau, Marx. This is a basic foundation course for students.

#### **UNIT-I**: Text and Interpretation: Antiquity

- (i) Plato
- (ii) Aristotle

#### UNIT-II

- (i) Machiavelli
- (ii) Hobbes

#### **UNIT-III**

- (i) Locke
- (ii) Rousseau

#### **UNIT-IV**

- (i) J. S. Mill
- (ii) Karl Marx

#### **Text Books**

- C. Kukathas and G. Gaus, (eds.) 'Handbook of Political Theory', London, Sage Publications Ltd.
- D. Boucher and P. Kelly (2009), (eds) 'Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present', Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- J. Coleman, (2000) 'A History of Political Thought: From Ancient Greece to Early Christianity, Oxford, Blackwell Publishers.
- Mukherjee, Subrato and Susheela Ramaswamy(2011) 'History of political Thought: Plato to Marx', PHI Publishers, New Delhi
- Okin, S. (1992), 'Women in Western Political Thought', Princeton, Princeton University Press
- R. Kraut (1996) (ed.) 'The Cambridge Companion to Plato', Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. A. Skoble and T. Machan, (2007) 'Political Philosophy: Essential Selections', New Delhi, Pearson Education.
- 2. J. Barnes (1995) (ed.), 'The Cambridge Companion to Aristotle'. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.

#### **Core Paper XII (C-XII)**

INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT (ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL)

**Introduction:** This course introduces the specific elements of Indian Political Thought spanning over two millennia. The basic focus of study is on individual thinkers whose ideas are however framed by specific themes. The course as a whole is meant to provide a sense of the broad streams of Indian thought while encouraging a specific knowledge of individual thinkers and texts. Selected extracts from some original texts are also given to discuss in class. The list of Reference books is meant for teachers as well as the more interested students.

#### **UNIT-I: Traditions of Pre-colonial Indian Political Thought**

- i) Brahmanic and Shramanic
- ii) Islamic and Syncretic.

#### UNIT-II: Ved Vyasa (Shantiparva) and Manu

(i) Ved Vyasa: Rajadharma

(ii) Manu: Social Laws

#### UNIT-III: Kautilya, Barani and Aggannasutta

(i) Kautilya: Theory of State, Foreign Policy, Role of King

(ii) Aggannasutta- Theory of Kingship

(iii) Barani: Ideal Polity

#### **UNIT-IV**: Kabir and Abul Faza

- (i) AbulFazal-Monarchy
- (ii) Kabir: Syncretism

#### **Text Books**

- A. Appodoroy, (2002) 'Political Thought in India, Delhi, Khama Publication.
- A. B. M, (1976), 'The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India', Allahabad, Central Book Depot.
- Brown, (2003) 'The Verses of Vemana', Asian Educational Services, Delhi.
- Habib, Irfan.(1995) 'Essays in Indian History', New Delhi, Tulika Publications.
- Roy, Himanshu and Singh, M. (2017), 'Indian Political Thought: Themes and Thinker', Second Edition, New Delhi, Pearson.
- S. Saberwal, (2008) 'Spirals of Contention', New Delhi, Routledge,
- Sharma, R. S (1991) 'Aspects of Political Ideas Institutions in Ancient India, Delhi, Motilal Banarsidas.
- T. Pantham, and K. Deutsch (1986) (eds.), Political Thought in Modern India, New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- Thapar, Romila, (1997) 'Ashok and the Decline of the Mauryas, 'New York, Oxford University Press.
- V. Mehta, (1992) 'Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar Publications.
- V.P. Varma, (1974) 'Studies in Hindu Political Thought and Its Metaphysical Foundations', New Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass.

- A. Fazl, (1873) 'The Ain-i Akbari' (translated by H. Blochmann), Calcutta: G. H. Rouse.
  - J. Spellman, (1964) 'Political Theory of Ancient India: A Study of Kingship from the Earliest time to Ceirca AD 300, Oxford, Clarendon Press.
- L. Hess and S. Singh, (2002) 'The Bijak of Kabir', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- R. Kangle (ed. and trns.), 'Arthasastra of Kautilva', New Delhi, Motilal Publishers.
- S. Collins, (2001) 'Agganna Sutta: The Discussion on What is Primary (An Annotated Translation from Pali), Delhi, Sahitya Akademi.

#### **Core Paper XIII (C-XIII)**

#### CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

**Introduction:** Philosophy and politics are closely intertwined. Students will be exposed to the manner in which the questions of politics have been posed in terms that have implications for larger questions of thought and existence. Contemporary political philosophy and debates are introduced to the students here.

#### **UNIT-I**

i) Lenin

#### **UNIT-II**

i) Mao Zedong (Mao Tse Tung)

#### **UNIT-III**

(i) Antonio Gramsci

#### **UNIT-IV**

(i) John Rawls

#### **Text Books**

- B. Nelson, (2008) 'Western Political Thought'. New York, Pearson Longman.
- D. Boucher, and P. Kelly, (2003) (eds.) 'Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present'. New York, Oxford University Press.
- Gramsci, Antonio (1996), 'Selections from the Prison Notebooks', Orient Longman, Hyderabad
- Hacker, A. (1961), 'Political Theory: Philosophy, Ideology, Science', Macmillan, New York.
- Mukherjee, Subrato and Susheela Ramaswamy(2011) 'History of political Thought: Plato to Marx', PHI Publishers, New Delhi
- Rawls, John (2011), 'A Theory of Justice', Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi.

- Sabine, George, H. (1973). 'A History of Political Theory', Oxford and I.B.H. Publishing, New Delhi.
- Wayper. C.L (1989), 'Political Thought', B.I. Publications, Bombay.

- D. Germino (1972). Modern Western Political Thought: Machiavelli to Marx, Chicago University Press, Chicago.
- F.W. Coker (1971). Recent Political Thought, The World Press Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta.
- J.H. Hallowell (1960). Main Currents in Modern Political Thought, Holt, New York.

#### **Core Paper XIV (C-XIV)**

#### MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

**Introduction:** Based on the study of individual thinkers, the course introduces a wide span of thinkers and themes that defines the modernity of Indian political thought. The objective is to study general themes that have been produced by thinkers from varied social and temporal contexts. Selected extracts from original texts are also given to discuss in the class. The list of Reference books is meant for teachers as well as the more interested students.

#### **UNIT-I: Introduction**

- (i) Rammohan Roy: Rights, Reform Movement, Liberalism
- (ii) Pandita Ramabai: Gender, critique of orthodoxy
- (iii) Vivekananda: Ideal Society, Humanism, Nationalism

#### UNIT-II: Gandhi & Ambedkar

- (i) Gandhi: Swaraj, Swadeshi(8 lectures)
- (ii) Ambedkar: Social Justice

#### **UNIT-III: Tagore&Savarkar**

- (i) Tagore Critique of Nationalism (8 lectures)
- (ii) Savarkar: Hindutwa-A critical Assessment

#### UNIT-IV: Nehru, Lohia and J.P. Narayan

- (i) Nehru: Secularism, Socialism
- (ii) Lohia: Socialism,
- (iii) J.P.Narayan: Total Revolution

#### Text books:

• A. Sen, (2003) 'Swami Vivekananda', Delhi, Oxford University Press.

- D. Dalton, (1982) 'Indian Idea of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Rabindranath Tagore and Mahatma Gandhi', Academic Press, Gurgaon.
- G. Omvedt, (2008) 'Ramabai: Women in the Kingdom of God', in *Seeking Begumpura*: *The Social Vision of Anti Caste Intellectuals*, New Delhi, Navayana.
- M. Kosambi (2000) (ed.), 'Pandita Ramabai Through her Own Words: Selected Works', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Raghuramaraju, (2007) 'Debates in Indian Philosophy: Classical, Colonial, and Contemporary', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- S. Sarkar, (1985) 'A Critique on Colonial India', Calcutta, Papyrus.
- Sh. Kapila (2010) (ed.), 'An intellectual History for India', New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- T. Pantham and K. Deutsch (1986), (eds.) 'Political Thought in Modern India', New Delhi, Sage.
- V. Mehta and T. Pantham (eds.), (2006) 'A Thematic Introduction to Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations, History of Science, Philosophy and Culture in Indian civilization' Vol. 10, Part: 7, New Delhi, Sage Publication.

- P. Chatterjee, (1986) 'Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse? London, Zed Books.
- S. Hay (1991) (ed.), 'Sources of Indian Tradition', Vol. 2.Second Edition, New Delhi, Penguin.
- S. Thorat and Aryama (2007) (eds.), 'Ambedkar in Retrospect Essays on Economics, Politics and Society', Jaipur, IIDS and Rawat Publications.

#### **Discipline Specific Elective Paper-I**

#### INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RIGHTS

**Introduction:** This course attempts to build an understanding of human rights among students through a study of specific issues in a comparative perspective. It is important for students to see how debates on human rights have taken distinct forms historically and in the contemporary world. The course seeks to anchor all issues in the Indian context, and pulls out another country to form a broader comparative frame.

## **Human Rights: Theory and Institutionalization UNIT-I:**

- i) Understanding Human Right
- ii) Three Generations of Rights

#### **UNIT-II**

i) Universal Declaration of Human Rights

#### **UNIT-III**

i) Rights in National Constitutions: South Africa and India

#### **UNIT-IV**

i) International Refugee Law, International Humanitarian Law

#### **Text Books**

- Alston Philip (1995), 'The United Nations and Human Rights-A Critical Appraisal', Oxford, Clarendon.
- Baxi, Upendra (1995) (ed.), 'The Right to be Human', Delhi, Lancer,
- Beetham, David (1987) (ed.), 'Politics and Human Rights', Oxford, Blackwell.
- Desai, A R. (1986)(ed), 'Violations of Democratic Rights in India', Bombay, Popular Prakashan.
- Evans, Tony (2001), 'The Politics of Human Rights: A Global Perspective', London, Pluto Press
- Hargopal. G.(1999) 'Political Economy of Human Rights', Hyderabad, Himalaya.
- J. Hoffman and P. Graham, (2006) 'Introduction to Political Theory', Delhi, Pearson.

#### **Reference Books**

- Kothari, Smitu and Sethi, Harsh (1991)(eds.), 'Rethinking Human Rights', Delhi, Lokayan.
- Saksena, K.P. (1999) (ed.), 'Human Rights: Fifty Years of India's Independence', Delhi, Gyan.
- Subramanian, S.(1997), 'Human Rights: International Challenges', Delhi, Manas Publications.
- Vistaar Iyer, V.R. Krishna (1999), 'The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Rights in India', Delhi, Eastern Law House.

#### **Discipline Specific Elective Paper II**

# DEVELOPMENT PROCESS AND SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA (Project)

**Introduction**: Under the influence of globalization, development processes in India have undergone transformation to produce spaces of advantage and disadvantage and new geographies of power. The high social reproduction costs and dispossession of vulnerable social groups involved in such a development strategy condition new theories of contestation and struggles. A variety of protest movements emerged to interrogate and challenge this development paradigm that evidently also weakens the democratic space so very vital to the formulation of critical consensus. This course proposes to introduce students to the conditions, contexts and forms of political contestation over development paradigms and their bearing on the retrieval of democratic voice of citizens.

#### **UNIT-I: Development Process since Independence**

- (i)Welfare State, Development and the role of Planning commission
- (ii)Development in the era of Liberalization and Reforms

#### **UNIT-II: Development Strategy and its Impact on the Social Structure**

- (i) Industrial Development and its impact on organized and unorganized labour
- (ii) Agricultural Development and Agrarian Crisis, Land Reforms and Green Revolution,

#### **UNIT-III: Social Movements**

- i) Social Movements: Meaning and Approaches, New Social Movements
- ii) Women's Movement, Environmental Movements

#### **UNIT-IV: Social Movements**

- i) Dalit Movement, Tribal Movement,
- ii) Left wing Extremism: Issues and Challenges

#### **Text Books**

- A. Desai, (1986) (ed.), 'Agrarian Struggles in India After Independence', Delhi, Oxford University Press
- A. F. Frankel, (2005) 'India's Political Economy (1947-2004): The Gradual Revolution', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- B. Nayar, (2007) (ed.), 'Globalization and Politics in India', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- G. Omvedt, (1983) 'Reinventing Revolution, New Social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India', New York, Sharpe.
- G. Rath, (2006) (ed.), 'Tribal development in India: The Contemporary Debate', New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- G. Shah, (2004) 'Social Movements in India: A Review of Literature', New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- G. Shah, (ed.), (2002) 'Social Movements and the State'. New Delhi, Sage Publications.\_
- R. Mukherji (2010) (ed.) 'India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- S. Roy and K. Debal, (2004) 'Peasant Movements in Post-Colonial India: Dynamics of Mobilization and Identity', Delhi, Sage.

- J. Harris, (2009) 'Power Matters: Essays on Institutions, Politics, and Society in India', Delhi, Oxford University press.
- J. Harriss, (2006) (ed) 'Power Matters: Essays on Institutions, Politics, and Society in

- India,' Delhi. Oxford University Press.
- K. Suresh, (ed.), (1982) 'Tribal Movements in India', Vol I and II, New Delhi, Manohar (emphasis on the introductory chapter).
- L. Fernandes, (2007) 'India's New Middle Class: Democratic Politics in an Era of Economic Reform', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- M. Jayal, and P. Mehta, (2010) (eds.), 'The Oxford Companion to Politics in India', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- M. Mohanty, P. Mukherji and O. Tornquist, (1998)(eds.) 'People's Rights: Social Movements and the State in the Third World', New Delhi, Sage.
- N. Jayal (2012)(ed.) 'Democracy in India', New Delhi, Oxford India Paperbacks, Sixth impression.

#### **Discipline Specific Elective Paper III**

#### INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY IN A CHANGING WORLD

**Introduction:** This course's objective is to teach students the domestic sources and the structural constraints on the genesis, evolution and practice of India's foreign policy. The endeavour is to highlight integral linkages between the 'domestic' and the 'international' aspects of India's foreign policy by stressing on the shifts in its domestic identity and the corresponding changes at the international level. Students will be instructed on India's shifting identity as a postcolonial state to the contemporary dynamics of India attempting to carve its identity as an 'aspiring power'. India's evolving relations with the superpowers during the Cold War and after, bargaining strategy and positioning in international politics facilitate an understanding of the changing positions and development of India's role as a global player since independence.

#### UNIT-I: India's Foreign Policy in a changing world

- i) India's Foreign Policy: Major bases and determinants
- ii) India's Foreign Policy: Postcolonial Perspective

#### UNIT-II: India's Relation with USA& Russia

- i) India's Relations with the USA
- ii) India's Relation with USSR/Russia,

#### UNIT-III: India-China Relations, India and South Asia

- (i) India-China Relations
- (ii) India and South Asia: SAARC, Look East Policy, Act East Policy

#### **UNIT-IV**: India and Contemporary World

- (i) India as an emerging Global Power, Myth and Reality
- (ii) India in the Contemporary World

#### Text Books:

- Appadorai, A. and M.S. Rajan(1988), 'India's Foreign Policy and Relations', New Delhi, South Asian Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Bahadur, Kalim (ed.)(1986), 'South Asia in transition: Conflicts and Tensions', New Delhi, Patriots.
- Bandyopadhyaya, J.(2006), 'The making of India's Foreign Policy', New Delhi, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Banerjee, A.K. (ed.)(1998), 'Security issues in South Asia: Domestic and External Sources of Threats to Security', Calcutta, Minerva.
- Bidwai, Praful and Achin Vanaik (eds.)(1999), 'South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future of Global Disarmament', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- D. Scott (2011)(ed.), 'Handbook of India's International Relations', London, Routeledge.
- Dutt, V.P.(2007), 'India's Foreign Policy Since Independence', New Delhi, National Book Trust.
- Tellis and S. Mirski (2013) (eds.), 'Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order', Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, Washington.

#### **Reference Books**

- A. Ganguly, S. and Rahul Mukherji(2011), India since 1980, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- Ghosh, Partha S.(1989), Cooperation and conflict in South Asia, New Delhi: Manohar.
- Gould, H.A. and Sumit Ganguly (eds.)(1993), The Hope and the Reality: U.S.-Indian Relations from Roosevelt to Reagan, New Delhi: Oxford & IBH.
- Gujral, I.K.(1998), A foreign policy for India, Delhi: External publicity division, MEA, Government of India.
- Mansingh, Surjeet(1984), India's search for power: Indira Gandhi's foreign policy, 1966-1982
   New Delhi: Sage.
- Muni, S.D.(2010), India's Foreign Policy the democracy dimension, New Delhi: Foundation Books.
- Nayar, B.R. and T.V. Paul(2004), India in the world order searching for major power status, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- S. Cohen, (2002) *India: Emerging Power*, Brookings Institution Press.
- S. Mehrotra, (1990) 'Indo-Soviet Economic Relations: Geopolitical and Ideological Factors', in *India and the Soviet Union: Trade and Technology Transfer*, Cambridge University Press: Cambridge.
- Sengupta, Bhabani(1998), Fulcrum of Asia relations among China, India, Pakistan and the USSR, New Delhi: Konark Publishers.
- W. Anderson, (2011) 'Domestic Roots of Indian Foreign Policy', in W. Anderson, *Trysts with Democracy: Political Practice in South Asia*, Anthem Press: University Publishing Online.

Discipline Specific Elective Paper IV

WOMEN, POWER AND POLITICS

**Introduction**: This course opens up the question of women's agency, taking it beyond 'women's empowerment' and focusing on women as radical social agents. It attempts to question the complicity of social structures and relations in gender inequality. This is extended to cover new forms of precarious work and labour under the new economy. Special attention will be paid to feminism as an approach and outlook.

#### **UNIT-I: Feminism**

- (i) Meaning and Development
- (ii)Liberal, Socialist and Radical Feminism

#### **UNIT-II**: Issues

- i) Patriarchy
- ii) Sex and Gender
- iii) Gender, Power and Politics

#### **UNIT-III: Issues**

- (i) Women Movement in India
- (ii) Women Empowerment: Policies and Practices
- (iii) Violence against Women

#### **UNIT-IV**: Women and Development

- i) WID (Women in Development), WAD (Women and Development), GAD (Gender and Development
- ii) Women and Work (Visible and Invisible)

#### **Text Books**

- B. Hooks, (2010) 'Feminism: A Movement to End Sexism', in C. Mc Cann and S. Kim (eds),
- M. John.(2008) (ed) Women's Studies in India, New Delhi: Penguin.
- M. Kosambi, (2007) Crossing the Threshold, New Delhi, Permanent Black.
- Menon, (2008) 'Power', in R. Bhargava and A. Acharya (eds), *Political Theory: An Introduction*, Delhi: Pearson.
- Naarivaadi Rajneeti: Sangharsh evam Muddey, University of Delhi: Hindi Medium Implementation Board.
- T. Shinde, (1993) 'Stree Purusha Tulna', in K. Lalitha and Susie Tharu (eds), *Women Writing in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.

The Feminist Reader: Local and Global Perspectives, New York: Routledge.

- U. Chakravarti, (2001) 'Pitrasatta Par ek Note', in S. Arya, N. Menon & J. Lokneeta (eds.)
- V Geetha, (2002) Gender, Kolkata, Stree Publications.

- N. Gandhi and N. Shah, (1992) *Issues at Stake Theory and Practice in the Women's Movement*, New Delhi: Kali for Women.
- N. Menon, (2004) 'Sexual Violence: Escaping the Body', in *Recovering Subversion*, New Delhi: Permanent Black.

- P. Swaminathan, (2012) 'Introduction', in *Women and Work*, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.
- R. Kapur, (2012) 'Hecklers to Power? The Waning of Liberal Rights and Challenges to Feminism in India', in A. Loomba *South Asian Feminisms*, Durham and London: Duke University Press.
- U. Chakravarti, (2003) Gendering Caste through a Feminist Len, Kolkata, Stree publications.
- V. Bryson, (1992) Feminist Political Theory, London: Palgrave-MacMillan.

#### **DSE Paper – IV**

#### DISSERTATION / RESEARCH PROJECT

(College can give this choice only for students with above 60% aggregate marks)

Project Paper- Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India (DSE-II)

#### **Introduction:**

The research experience of students is greatly enriched by early exposure to conducting research. There are numerous benefits of undergraduate students who get involved in research. They are better off in understanding published works, determine an area of interest, can discover their passion for research and may start their career as a researcher. Further students will be able to develop ability for scientific inquiry and critical thinking, ability in the knowledge base and communication. This course is included to promote above mentioned abilities among the students.

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- To help students to learn how to develop scientific research designs in the study of public administration.
- To guide students to understand the previous research in their field of interest and review them to arrive at a research problem
- To encourage the students to learn ways to describe and evaluate public policy implementation.
- To help students understand the logic of hypothesis testing in both quantitative and qualitative research.
- To make students to learn the methods of writing a research report.

#### **Expected outcomes: Students will be able to**

- Independently prepare a research design to carry out a research project
- Review the related research papers to find out a research problem and relevant hypotheses
- Understand the dynamics of citizen administrative interface and administrative behaviours.
- Learn the use of statistical techniques for interpretation of data.
- Learn the APA style of reporting a research project.

**Unit** A student is required to carry out a project on an issue of interest to him / her under the guidance and supervision of a teacher. In order to do so s/he must have the knowledge in research methodology and of steps in planning and conducting a research. The supervisors

may help the students to go on field study / study tour relevant to their work. Thirty hours of class may be arranged in the routine to help students understand research methodology, and planning, conduction and reporting on the research. An external examiner with the supervisor as the internal examiner will evaluate the research project on the basis of scientific methodology in writing the report, and presentation skill and performance in the viva.

#### • Format

- **Abstract** 150 words including problem, method and results.
- **Introduction** Theoretical considerations leading to the logic and rationale for the present research
- **o Review-** Explaining current knowledge including substantive findings and theoretical and methodological contributions to the topic, objectives and hypotheses of the present research
- Method Design, Sample, Methods of data collection, Procedure
- o **Results** Quantitative analysis of group data-- (Raw data should not be attached in Appendix) Graphical representation of data wherever required. Qualitative analysis wherever done should indicate the method of qualitative analysis.
- Discussion
- o References (APA Style) & Appendices
- Project should be in Soft binding. It should be typed in Times New Roman 14 letter size with 1.5 spacing on one sides of the paper. Total text should not exceed 50 pages (References & Appendices extra).
- Two copies of the project should be submitted to the College.
- Project American Psychological Association (APA) Publication Manual 2006 to be followed for project writing

#### Mark distribution for dissertation / Research project

Identification of problem	Review of Literature	Methodology	Analysis	Findings	Viva-voce	Total
10	10	10	25	20	25	100

**Broad areas identified for Project**: Social Movements: Environment, Women, Dalit, Peasant, Social Development, Political Development in Odisha, Political Socialization, Political Participation, Political Modernization and Communication, Decentralized democracy: Rural and Urban Local Self Governance, Functionary of Gram Sabha, Empowerment of Women and other marginals in PRIs, Development, Displacement, Rehabilitation, Resettlement in Odisha, Role of NGOs in Development, Regional Development and Regional Imbalances, Implementation of ORTPS- 2012, RTE-2009, Food Security Act, 2013, FRA, 2007.

#### **Generic Elective Paper I**

#### FEMINISM: THEORY AND PRACTICE

**Introduction:** The aim of the course is to introduce students to contemporary debates on feminism

and the history of feminist struggles. The course begins with a discussion on construction of gender and an understanding of complexity of patriarchy and goes on to analyze theoretical debates within feminism. It offers a gendered analysis of Indian society, economy and polity with a view to understanding the structures of gender inequalities. And the last section aims to understand the issues with which contemporary Indian women's movements are engaged with.

#### **UNIT-I: Understanding Feminism**

- Feminist theorizing of the sex/gender distinction; Public Man and Private Woman (i)
- (ii) Understanding Patriarchy and Feminism

#### **UNIT-II: Theories of Feminism**

- Liberal and Socialist, (i)
- Radical feminism and Eco-feminism (ii)

#### UNIT-III: Feminist issues and women's participation: The Indian Experience

- (i) Women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India
- (ii) Traditional Historiography and Feminist critiques; Social Reforms Movement and position of women in India, History of Women's struggle in Post- Independent India

#### UNIT-IV: Family in contemporary India and Understanding Woman's Work and Labour

- (i) Family in contemporary India - patrilineal and matrilineal practices. Gender Relations in the Family, Patterns of Consumption: Intra Household Divisions, entitlements and bargaining, Property Rights
- Understanding Woman's Work and Labour Sexual Division of Labour, Productive (ii) and Reproductive labour, Visible - invisible work – Unpaid (reproductive and care), Underpaid and Paid work.- Methods of computing women's work. Female headed households

#### **Text Books**

- Bina Agarwal, (2013) 'Gender And Green Governance', Oxford University Press, Oxford,
- Forbes, Geraldine (1998) 'Women in Modern India'. Cambridge, Cambridge University
- Geetha, V. (2002) 'Gender'. Calcutta, Stree Publications.
- Geetha, V. (2007) 'Patriarchy'. Calcutta, Stree Publications. Jagger, Alison. (1983) 'Feminist Politics and Human Nature'. U.K, Harvester Press.
- John, Mary (
  John, Mary (2008) 'Women studies in India: A Reader', Peguin, New Delhi
- Lerner, Gerda. (1986) 'Creation of Patriarchy'. New York. Oxford University Press.

#### **Reference Books**

Banarjee, Sikata. (2007) 'Ghadially, Rehana. (ed.) 'Urban Women in Contemporary India: A Reader'. New Delhi, Sage.

- Chakravarti, Uma. (1988) 'Beyond the Altekarian Paradigm: Towards a New Understanding of Gender Relations in Early Indian History', Social Scientist, Volume 16, No. 8.
- Desai, Neera & Thakkar, Usha. (2001) 'Women in Indian Society'. New Delhi: National Book Trust.
- Gandhi, Nandita & Shah, Nandita. (1991) 'Contemporary Women's Movement in India'.
   Delhi, Zubaan.
- Gupta, A and Sinha Smita, (2005) 'Empowerment of women: Language and Other Facets', Mangal Deep, New Delhi.
- Jayawardene, Kumari. (1986) 'Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World'. London,
   Zed Books and Conclusion.
- Nayak, Smita (2016) (eds.) 'Combating Violence Against Women: A Reality in the Making', Kalpaz, Gyan Books Pvt, Ltd, New Delhi
- Nayak, Smita (2016) (eds.) 'Gender Dynamics: The Emerging Frontiers', Research India Publications, New Delhi.
- Nayak, Smita, (2016), 'Whither Women: A Shift from Endowment to Empowerment', Edupedia, New Delhi.
- Rege, Sharmila. (2003) (ed.) 'The Sociology of Gender: The Challenge of Feminist Sociological Knowledge'. New Delhi, Sage.
- Rowbotham, Shiela. (1993) 'Women in Movements', New York and London, Routledge.
- Sangari, Kumkum & Chakravarty, Uma.(1999) (eds.) 'From Myths to Markets: Essays on Gender'. Delhi, Manohar.
- Sarkar, Tanika & Butalia, Urvashi. (1995) (eds.) 'Women and the Hindu Right'. Delhi, Kali for Women.

#### **Generic Elective Paper II**

#### **GOVERNANCE: ISSUES AND CHALLENGES**

**Objectives:** This paper deals with concepts and different dimensions of governance highlighting the major debates in the contemporary times. There is a need to understand the importance of the concept of governance in the context of a globalizing world, environment, administration, development. The essence of governance is explored through the various good governance initiatives introduced in India.

#### **UNIT-I:** Government and governance: concepts

- (i) Governance: Meaning, Nature and Types
- (ii) Role of State in the Era of Globalisation: State, Market and Civil Society

#### **UNIT-II: Good Governance**

i) Good Governance

ii) Sustainable Development and Governance

#### **UNIT-III: Local Governance**

- (i) Democratic Decentralization: Institutions of Local Governance (PRIs),
- (ii) People' Participation in Local Governance & Deepening Democracy

#### **UNIT-IV**: Good Governance Initiatives In India

- i) Public Service Guarantee Acts & Electronic Governance
- ii) Citizens Charter & Right to Information, Corporate Social Responsibility

iii)

#### **Text Books**

- A Baviskar, ((1995) The Belly of the River: Tribal Conflict Over Development in the Narmada Valley', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- A. Parel (2000) (ed) 'Gandhi, Freedom and Self-Rule', New Delhi, Lexington Books.
- B. Parekh, (1997) 'Gandhi: A Brief Insight', Delhi, Sterling Publishing Company.
- B. Parekh, (1999) 'Colonialism, Tradition and Reform: An Analysis of Gandhi's Political Discourse', New Delhi, Sage Publication.
- D. Hardiman, (2003) 'Gandhi in his Time and Ours'. Delhi, Oxford University Press.

#### **Reference Books**

- R Iyer, (ed) (1993) 'The Essential Writings of Mahatma Gandhi', New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- R. Ramashray, (1984) 'Self and Society: A Study in Gandhian Thought', New Delhi, Sage Publication.

#### **Generic Elective Paper III**

#### GANDHI AND THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD

**Introduction:** Locating Gandhi in a global frame, the course seeks to elaborate Gandhian thought and examine its practical implications. It will introduce students to key instances of Gandhi's continuing influence right up to the contemporary period and enable them to critically evaluate his legacy.

#### UNIT-I-

i) Theories: Satyagraha, Ahimsa

#### **UNIT-II-**

i) Swaraj, Swadeshi

#### UNIT-III-

i) Relevance Gandhi: Gandhi & Environment, Gandhi & Women, Gandhi & Social Harmony

#### **UNIT-IV-**

• Gandhi & Global Peace: Gandhian Philosophy in Contemporary World

#### **Text Books**

- B. C. Smith (2007), 'Good Governance and Development', Palgrave.
- B. Chakrabarty and M. Bhattacharya, (1998) (eds.) 'The Governance Discourse'. New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- B. Nayar (1995) (ed.), 'Globalization and Politics in India', Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Neera Chandhoke, (1995) 'State and Civil Society Explorations In Political Theory', Sage Publishers.
- Panda, Smita Mishra (2008), 'Engendering Governance Institutions: State, Market and Civil Society', Sage Publications.
- Surendra Munshi and Biju Paul Abraham (2004) (eds.), 'Good Governance, Democratic Societies and Globalisation', Sage.
- United Nation Development Programme, (1997) 'Reconceptualising Governance', New York.
- World Bank Report, (1992) 'Governance and Development'.

#### **Reference Books**

- Burns H Weston and David Bollier (2013), 'Green Governance: Ecological Survival, Human Rights, and the Law of the Commons', Cambridge University Press.
- Emilio F. Moran, (2010) 'Environmental Social Science: Human Environment interactions and Sustainability', Wiley-Blackwell.
- Pardeep. Sachdeva, (2011) 'Local Government in India', Pearson Publishers, New Delhi.
- Pranab Bardhan and Dilip Mookherjee (2006), 'Decentralization And Local Governance In Developing Countries: A Comparative Perspective', MIT Press.
- T.R. Raghunandan (2013), 'Decentralization and Local Governments: The Indian Experience, Readings on The Economy, Polity and Society', Orient Blackswan.
- D. Crowther (2008), 'Corporate Social Responsibility', Deep and Deep Publishers, New Delhi.

#### **Generic Elective Paper IV**

#### UNITED NATIONS AND GLOBAL CONFLICTS

**Introduction:** This course provides a comprehensive introduction to the most important multilateral political organization in international relations. It provides a detailed account of the organizational structure and the political processes of the UN, and how it has evolved since 1945, especially in terms of dealing with the major global conflicts. The course imparts a critical understanding of the UN's performance until now and the imperatives as well as processes of reforming the organization in the context of the contemporary global system.

#### **UNIT-I: The United Nations**

- i) An Historical Overview of the United Nations.
- ii) Principles and Objectives

#### **UNIT-II**

- i) Structures and Functions: General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council,.
- ii) The International Court of Justice, The Specialized Agencies (International Labour Organisation (IOL), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), World Health Organisation (WHO), UN Programmes Funds: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)
- iii) Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect
- iv) Millennium Development Goals.

#### **UNIT-III** Major Global Conflicts since the Second World war

- i) Korean war
- ii) Vietnam War
- iii) Afghanistan War
- iv) Balkans Serbia and Bosnia

#### **UNIT-IV**

Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organisation: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process of Reforms

#### **Text Books**

- Basu, Rumki (2014) 'United Nations: Structure and Functions of an international organization', New Delhi, Sterling Publishers
- Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (2008) (eds.) 'The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations'. 4th edn. Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- Gareis, S.B. and Varwick, J. (2005) 'The United Nations: an introduction'. Basingstoke, Palgrave.
- Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2006) 'International Relations'. 6th edn. New Delhi, Pearson
- Saxena, J.N. (1986) et.al. 'United Nations for a Better Worl', New Delhi, Lancers.
- White, B. et al. (eds.) (2005) 'Issues in World Politics', 3rd edn. New York, Macmillan.
- Whittaker, D.J. (1997) 'United Nations in the Contemporary World', London, Routledge.

- Armstrong, D., Lloyd, L. and Redmond, J. (2004) 'International Organisations in World Politics'. 3rd edn. New York, Palgrave, Macmillan.
- Calvocoressi, P. (2001) 'World Politics: 1945-2000', 3rd edn. Harlow, Pearson Education.
- Moore, J.A. Jr. and Pubantz, J. (2008) 'The new United Nations', Delhi, Pearson Education.
- United Nations Department of Public Information. (2008) 'The United Nations Today'.
   New York, UN.

#### **Course structure of UG Political Science Pass**

Semester	Course	Course Name	Credits	Total marks
I	DSC-I	Introduction To Political Theory	06	100
II	DSC-II	Indian Government And Politics	06	100

	DOG W	Community Community And	0.6	100
III	DSC-III	Comparative Government And Politics	06	100
IV	DSC-IV	Introduction To International Relations	06	100
V	DSE-I	Administration And Public Policy: Concepts And Theories	06	100
VI	DSE-II	Democracy And Governance	06	100
			30	600

#### **POLITICAL SCIENCE Papers for PASS students**

Discipline Specific Core – 4 papers Discipline Specific Elective – 2 papers

Marks per paper - Midterm : 20 marks, End term : 80 marks, Total – 100 marks

Credit per paper – 6

Teaching hours per paper – 50 hours + 10 hours tutorial

#### Discipline Specific Core Paper I

#### INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL THEORY

**Course Objective:** This course aims to introduce certain key aspects of conceptual analysis in political theory and the skills required to engage in debates surrounding the application of the

concepts.

**Unit-I Political Theory**: Definition and Approaches: Normative, Historical, Behavioural and Post Behavioural, Relevance (14 lectures)

Unit-II Concepts: Democracy, Liberty, Equality, Justice

Unit-III Rights, Gender, Citizenship, Civil Society and State

#### **Unit-IV Debates in Political Theory**:

- (i) Grounds of Political Obligation
- (ii) Protective discrimination and Equality

#### **Text Books**

- Bhargava, R. and Ashok Acharya (2008) 'Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman.
- Vinod, M.J and Deshpande, Meena (2013) 'Contemporary Political Theory', PHI, New Delhi
- Verma, S. P. (1996) 'Modern Political Theory', Vikash Publishing, 3<sup>rd</sup> Reprint, New Delhi.
- Ramaswamy, Sushila (2010), 'Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts', PHI Learning, New Delhi
- Bellamy, R. (1993), (ed.) 'Theories and Concepts of Politics'. New York: Manchester University Press.
- Marsh, D. and Stoker, G. (eds.) 'Theory and Methods in Political Science'. London: Macmillan.
- Heywood, Andrew (2016) (Reprint) 'Political Theory: An Introduction', Palgrave, UK.

#### **Reference Books**

- Kukathas, Ch. and Gaus, G. F. (2004) (eds.) 'Handbook of Political Theory'. New Delhi, Sage.
- Vincent, A. (2004) 'The Nature of Political Theory'. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Mckinnon, C. (ed.) (2008) 'Issues in Political Theory', New York: Oxford University Press.
- Arblaster, A. (1994) 'Democracy', (2nd Edition), Buckingham: Open University Press.
- Parekh, B. (2000), 'Rethinking Multiculturalism: Cultural Diversity and Political Theory', Macmillan Press, London.

#### **Discipline Specific Core Paper II**

#### INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Unit-I Historical Development of Indian Constitution and formation and working of the Constituent Assembly

Unit-II Indian Constitution: Basic features, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles

Unit-III Institutional Functioning: President, Prime Minister, Parliament and Judiciary

Unit-IV (i) Parties and Party systems in India

(ii) Recent trends in Federalism in India

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Abbas, H., Kumar, R. & Alam, M. A. (2011) *Indian Government and Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson, 2011.
- 2. Austin, G. (1999) *Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Austin, G. (2004) *Working of a Democratic Constitution of India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Chakravarty, B. & Pandey, K. P. (2006) Indian Government and Politics. New Delhi: Sage.
- 5. Chandhoke, N. & Priyadarshi, P. (eds.) (2009) *Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics*. New Delhi: Pearson.
- 6. Jayal, N. G. & Maheta, P. B. (eds.) (2010) Oxford Companion to Indian Politics. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 7. Chandra, B., Mukherjee, A. & Mukherjee, M. (2010) *India After Independence*. New Delhi: Penguin.
- 8. Menon, N. and Nigam, A. (2007) *Power and Contestation: India Since 1989.* London: Zed Book.
- 9. Singh, M.P. & Saxena, R. (2008) *Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns*. New Delhi: PHI Learning.
  - Vanaik, A. & Bhargava, R. (eds.) (2010) *Understanding Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives.* New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

#### **Discipline Specific Core Paper III**

#### COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

**Unit-I** The nature, scope and methods of comparative political analysis

Unit-II Comparing Regimes: Authoritarian and Democratic

#### **Unit-III** Classifications of political systems:

- (i) Parliamentary and Presidential: UK and USA
- (ii) Federal and Unitary: Canada and China

#### Unit-IV

Party Systems: one-party, two-party and multi-party systems: China, UK, and India

#### **Text Books**

• Ann L. G. (ed.) (2002) Handbook *of Federal Countries*. Montreal & Kingston: McGill Queen's University Press.

- Bara, J & Pennington, M. (eds.). (2009) *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage.
- D. Caramani. (ed.) (2008) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Dhillon, Michael. (2009) *Contemporary China: An Introduction*. London, New York: Routledge, 2009.
- Hague, R and Harrop, M. (2004) *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*. London: Palgrave McMillan, pp. 268 □ 290.
- Newton, K. and Deth, Jan W. V. (2010) Foundations of Comparative Politics: Democracies of the Modern World. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- O'Neil, P. (2009) *Essentials of Comparative Politics*. (Third Edition). New York: WW. Norton & Company, Inc.
- Palekar, S.A. (2009) *Comparative Government and Politics*. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. (Eighth Edition). London: Palgrave McMillan.
- Rekha Saxena. (ed.) (2002) *Mapping Canadian Federalism for India*. New Delhi: Konark Publisher, Pvt., pp. 115 □ 129.

#### **Reference Books:**

- Bara, J. (2009) 'Methods for Comparative Analysis', in Bara, J. & Pennington, M. (eds.) *Comparative Politics*. New Delhi: Sage, pp. 40 □ 65.
- Blondel, J. (1996) 'Then and Now: Comparative Politics', *Political Studies. Vol. 47, Issue 1*, pp. 152 □ 160
- Chandhoke, N. (1996) 'Limits of Comparative Political Analysis', *Economic and Political Weekly*. vol. 31, No. 4, (January 27), pp. PE 2□PE8.
- Ishiyama, J.T. and Breuning, M. (eds.) (2011) 21st Century Political Science: A Reference Book. Los Angeles: Sage, pp. 150□158.
- Mair, P. (2008) 'Democracy', in Carmani, D. (ed.) *Comparative Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 108 □ 132.
- Watts, D. (2003) *Understanding US/UK Government and Politics*. Manchester: Manchester University Press, pp. 1□25; 66□105; 106□138.

#### **Discipline Specific Core Paper IV**

#### INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

**Course Objective:** This Course is designed to give students a sense of some important theoretical approaches to understand international relations; a history from 1945 onwards to the present; and an outline of the evolution of Indian foreign policy since independence and its possible future trajectory.

#### **Unit-I Approaches to International Relations**

- (a) Classical Realism
- **(b)** Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism
- (c)Feminist Perspective

#### **Unit-II Cold War and Post-Cold:**

- (i) Origin and Phases
- (ii)Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centres of Power (European Union, China, Russia and Japan)

Unit-III India's Foreign Policy: Basic Determinants (Historical, Geo-Political, Economic, Domestic and Strategic)

Unit-IV (i) India's Policy of Non-alignment

(ii) India: An Emerging Power

#### **Text Books**

- Appadorai and Rajan, M. S. (eds.) (1985) *India's Foreign Policy and Relations*. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers.
- Art, R. J. and Jervis, R. (eds.) (1999) *International Political Enduring: Concepts and Contemporary Issues*. 5th Edition. New York: Longman, pp. 7□14; 29□49; 119□126.
- Basu, Rumki (ed)(2012) *International Politics: Concepts theories and Issues*, New Delhi, Sage Publications India Pvt Ltd.
- Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2011) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations.* Fifth Edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Ganguly, S. (ed.) (2009) *India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2009) *International Relations*. New Delhi: Pearson.
- Indian Foreign Service Institute. (1997, 1998) *India's Foreign Policy: An Agenda for the 21st Century* Vols. 1 & 2, New Delhi: Konark Publishers.
- Vanaik, A. (1995) *India in a Changing World: Problems, Limits and Successes of Its Foreign Policy*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.

#### **Reference Books**

- Jackson, R. and Sorenson, G. (2008) *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Mewmillians, W.C. and Piotrowski, H. (2001) *The World Since 1945: A History of International Relations*. Fifth edition. London: Lynne Rienner Publishers.
- Smith, M., Little, R. and Shackleton, M. (eds.) (1981) *Perspectives on World Politics*. London: Croom Helm.
- Tickner, J. A. (2001) *Gendering World Politics: Issues and Approaches in the Post-Cold War Era*. Columbia University Press.
- Wenger, A. and Zimmermann, D. (eds.) (2003) *International Relations: From the Cold World War to the Globalized World*. London: Lynne Rienner.
- William, P., Goldstein, D. M. and Shafritz, J. M. (eds.) (1999) *Classic Readings of International Relations*. Belmont: Wadsworth Publishing Co.

#### Discipline Specific Elective Paper I

#### ADMINISTRATION AND PUBLIC POLICY: CONCEPTS AND THEORIES

#### **Topics:**

**Unit-I** Public administration: Meaning, scope and significance of the subject, Public and Private Administration, Major Approaches, (16 lectures)

**Unit-II** Administrative Theories: The Classical Theory, Scientific Management, the Human - Relation theory, and Rational Decision-Making. (16 lectures)

**Unit-III** Understanding public policy: (i) concept and theories, relevance.

**Unit-IV** Policy formulation, implementation and evaluation. (14 lectures) Development Administration, New Public Management.

#### Readings:

#### **Text Books**

#### Topic 1. Public administration as a discipline

- Awasthi, A. and Maheshwari, S. (2003) *Public Administration*. Agra: Laxmi Narain Agarwal, pp. 3 □ 12.
- Basu, Rumki, (2014) Public Administration, Concepts and Theories, Delhi Sterling Publishers
- Henry, N. (2003) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 1 \( \sigma 52. \)

#### **Topic 2. Administrative theories**

- Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (2005) (eds.) Public *Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Frontiers in Organization & Management. New York: Praeger.
- Henry, N. (2003) Public Administration and Public Affairs. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, pp. 53 □ 74.
- Benson, J. K. (ed.) (1977) *Organizational Analysis: Critique and Innovation*. Beverly Hills: Sage.
- Bhattacharya, M. and Chakrabarty, B. (eds.) (2005) Public *Administration: A Reader*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, pp. 88 □ 100.

#### **Topic 3. Development administration**

• Bhattacharya, M. (2001) *New Horizons in Public Administration*. New Delhi: Jawahar.

#### **Topic 4. Understanding public policy**

- Dror, Y. (1983) *Public Policy Making Re-examined*. Oxford: Transaction Publication.
- Dye, T.R. (1975) *Understanding Public Policy*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

#### **Reference Books:**

- Bernard, C. (1938) *The Functions of Executive*. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.
- Gant, G.F. (1979) *Development Administration: Concepts, Goals, Methods.* Madison: University of Wisconsin Press.
- Mooney, J. (1954) *The Principles of Organization*. New York: Harper & Row.
- Siffin, W. (eds.), *Approaches to Development Politics*. New York: McGraw Hill.
- Simon, H. (1967) Administrative Behavior: A Study of Decision Making Process in Administrative Organization. New York: Macmillan.
- Wiedner, E. (ed.) (1970) *Development Administration in Asia*. Durham: Duke University Press.

#### DEMOCRACY AND GOVERNANCE

**Course Objective:** This Paper tries to explain the institutional aspects of democracy and how institutions function within a constitutional framework. It further delves into how democracy as a model of governance can be complimented by institution building.

#### Unit-I

**Structure and Process of Governance:** Parliament, Party Politics and Electoral behaviour, Federalism, The Supreme Court and Judicial Activism, Units of Local Governance (Grassroots Democracy)

#### Unit-II

#### Ideas, Interests and Institutions in Public Policy:

a. Contextual Orientation of Policy Design

b. Institutions of Policy Making

#### Unit-III

#### **Regulatory Institutions –**

(i) SEBI, TRAI, Competition Commission Of India

(ii)Lobbying Institutions: Chambers of Commerce and Industries, Trade Unions, Farmers Associations, etc.

#### **Unit-IV**

**Dynamics of Civil Society:** New Social Movements and Various interests, Role of NGO's, Understanding the political significance of Media and Popular Culture.

#### **Text Books**

- Agarwal B, Environmental Management, Equity and Eco-feminism: Debating India's Experience, Journal of Pesant Studies, Vol. 25, No. 4, pp. 55□95.
- Atul Kohli (ed.), (2001) The Success of India's Democracy, Cambridge University Press,
- Corbridge, Stuart and John Harris, (2000) Reinventing India: Liberalisation, Hindu Nationalism and Popular Democracy OUP.
- Basu Rumki et, al(ed) (2010)Democracy and good governance: Reinventing the Public service Delivery System in India, New Delhi, Bloomsbury India, 2015
- Baxi, Upendra and Bhikhu Parekh, (ed.) (1994)Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, New Delhi, Sage.
- Bidyut Chakrabarty, (2003) Public Administration: A Reader, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Kothari, Rajini, (1970) Politics in India, Delhi, Orient Longma,.
- Mackie. Gerry, (2003) Democracy Defended, New York, Cambridge University Press,.
- Mahajan, Gurpreet (ed.) (2000) Democracy, Difference and Social Justice, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Menon, Nivedita, (ed.) (2001) Gender and Politics in India, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- Mohanty, Manoranjan (1998) Peoples Rights: Social Movements and the State in the Third World, Sage, New Delhi,.
- Brass. Paul, (1990) Politics in India since Independence, Hyderabad, Orient Longman.

#### **Reference Books**

• Fuller, C.J. (ed.) (1997) Caste Today, Oxford University Press

- Jenkins. Rob, (2004) Regional Reflections: Comparative Politics Across India's States, New Delhi, OUP,.
- Joseph E. Stiglitz, (2003) Globalisation and its Discontents, WW Norton Press.
- Pankaj Sharma, (2004) E-Governance: The New Age Governance, APH Publishers
- S. Laurel Weldon, (2011) When Protest Makes Policy: How Social Movements Represent Disadvantaged Groups, Michigan Publishers.
- Shah. Ghanshyam, [ed.], (2002) Social Movements and The State, Sage Publication,
- Smitu Kothari, (1993) Social Movements and the Redefinition of Democracy, Boulder, Westview.
- Su H. Lee, (2010) Debating New Social Movements: Culture, Identity, and Social Fragmentation , Rawat Publishers, New Delhi
- Sury, M.M, (2003) India: A Decade of Economic Reforms: 1991 –2001, New Delhi, New Century Publication.
- Thomas R. Dye, (1984) Understating Public Policy, Prentice Hall NJ.
- Vasu Deva, *E-Governance In India : A Reality*, Commonwealth Publishers, 2005
- Y. Dror, Public Policy Making Re-examined, Leonard Hill Books, Bedfordshire, 1974.

#### SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)

#### **Optional for SECC II paper**

#### **Total Marks-100**

#### **Skill Enhancement Courses (SECC Option-I)**

#### LEGISLATIVE PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES

**Introduction:** To acquaint the student broadly with the legislative process in India at various levels, introduce them to the requirements of peoples' representatives and provide elementary skills to be part of a legislative support team and expose them to real life legislative work. These will be, to understand complex policy issues, draft new legislation, track and analyze ongoing bills, make speeches and floor statements, write articles and press releases, attend legislative meetings, conduct meetings with various stakeholders, monitor media and public developments, manage constituent relations and handle inter-office communications. It will also deepen their understanding and appreciation of the political process and indicate the possibilities of making it work for democracy.

#### Unit-I

#### Powers and Functions of People's Representatives at different tiers of Governance

- i) Members of Parliament, State Legislative Assemblies
- ii) Representatives of Rural & Urban local self-government from Zilla Parishad, Municipal Corporation to Panchayat/ Ward

#### **Unit-II: Supporting the Legislative Process and the Legislative Committees**

- i) Legislative Procedure: How a Bill becomes law, Role of the Standing Committee in reviewing a Bill
- ii) Types of Committees; Role of Committees in reviewing Government Finances, policy, programmes and legislation

#### **Unit-III: Reading the Budget Document**

- i) Overview of the Budget Process, Role of Parliament in Parliament in reviewing the Union Budget
- ii) Railway Budget, Examination of Demands for Grants of Ministries, Working of Ministries

#### Unit -IV: Support in Media monitoring and Communication

- i) Types of Media and their significance for Legislators
- ii) Basics of Communication in Print and Electronic Media

#### Text Books

- 1. D. Kapur and P. Mehta, (2006) 'The Indian Parliament as an Institution of Accountability', *Democracy, Governance and Human Rights*, Programme Paper Number 23, United Nations Research Institute for Social Development.
- 2. Government of India, (Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs) (2009), Subordinate Legislation,
- 3. Government of India, (Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs), (2009) *Legislation, Parliamentary Procedure*.
- 4. P. Mehta, 'India's Unlikely Democracy: The Rise of Judicial Sovereignty', *Journal of Democracy*, Vol. 18(2), pp.70-83.
- 5. Sanyal, (2011) *Strengthening Parliamentary Committees* PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New Delhi.

#### **Reference Books**

- 6. Pae Gelestine, (2011) How to Read the Union Budget PRS, Centre for Policy Research, New
- 7. B. Jalan, (2007) *India's Politics*, New Delhi: Penguin.
- 8. G. Rose, (2005) 'How to Be a Media Darling: There's No getting Away From It', *State Legislatures*, Vol. 31(3).
- 9. N. Jayal and P. Mehta (eds), (2010) *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, Oxford University Press: New Delhi,
- 10. R. Guha, (2007), *India After Gandhi*, Macmillan: New Delhi.

**Skill Enhancement Courses (SECC Option-II)** 

PEACE AND CONFLICT RESOLUTION

Introduction: The objective of an undergraduate application course for common students in Peace and Conflict Studies will cover in-depth knowledge of conflict analysis, conflict resolution, conflict prevention, as well as the historical and cultural context of organized violence, Peace and Conflict Resolution addresses the sources of war, social oppression and valence and the challenges of promoting peace and justice internationally and domestically. It also introduces more equitable, cooperative and non-violent methods that can be used to transform unjust, violent or oppressive world situations. This course provides students with an overview of the Peace and Conflict Studies discipline, including key concepts and related theories. The course is designed to familiarise students with the historical background of various peace movements, to analyse principles used to resolve conflict and to provide a view of how peace and conflict resolution are being pursued today. The course will also cover extensive understanding of current research and development within the field of peace and conflict studies and perspective of the environment, gender, migration and ethnicity.

#### **Unit-I International Peace and Conflict Resolution: Sources of War**

- i) Sources of War: International and Domestic Issues and Trends
- ii) What is Conflict: Introduction to International Conflict Resolution

#### **Unit-II** International Conflict Resolution Theories:

- i) Models developed by Johan Galtung, Joseph Montville,
- ii) Models developed by Morton Deutsch, William Zartman, Levy Jack.

#### **Unit-III Conflict Resolution**

- i) Background of various Peace Movement and Concepts,
- ii) Principles used to resolve conflict.

#### **Unit-IV Cross-border Relationship**

- i) Migration, International rules and regulations, normative concept and political decisions.
- ii) Current perspective of peace and conflict resolution.

#### Text Books

- 1. Bidwai, Praful and Achin Vanaik (eds.)(1999), South Asia on a short fuse: Nuclear politics and the future of global disarmament, New Delhi: OUP.
- 2. Carr, Edward H.,(1994) "Realism and Idealism," Richard Betts (ed), Conflict After the Cold War, Boston: Simon & Schuster.
- 3. Deutsch, Morton,(1973) The Resolution of Conflict: Constructive and Destructive Processes, New Haven, Yale University Press.
- 4. Ghosh, Partha S.(1989), Cooperation and conflict in South Asia, New Delhi: Manohar.

#### **Reference Books**

- 5. Kriesberg, Louis (1998), Constructive Conflicts: From Escalation to Resolution, Rowman & Littlefield, Maryland. Banerjee, A.K. (ed.)(1998), Security issues in South Asia: Domestic and external sources of threats to security, Calcutta: Minerva.
- 6. Levy, Jack, (1995)"Contending Theories of International Conflict: A Levels-of-Analysis Approach" in Crocker et al, Managing Global Chaos, USIP.
- 7. Starkey, Boyer, and Wilkenfield, (1999) Negotiating a Complex World. Rowman & Littlefield, Maryland.
- 8. Waltz, Kenneth N., (1994)"Structural Causes and Economic Effects," Richard Betts (ed), Conflict After the Cold War, Boston: Simon & Schuster.

#### **Training Component of the UG Syllabus in Political Science**

The present Syllabus in Political Science requires special training for the teachers of undergraduate teaching. The training modules will update their knowledge and help them to deliver quality inputs to the students.

#### Themes on which inputs for teachers are to be developed:

#### I. Understanding Political Theory

- Theorizing the Political
- Theories of Feminism
- Modernism and Post Modernism

#### II. Constitutional Government and Democracy in India

• Recent trends in Federalism

#### **III. Political Theory-Concepts and Debates**

- Egalitarianism: Special Exclusion and Affirmative Action
- Procedural, Distributive and Global Justice
- Cultural Relativism and Multiculturalism

#### IV. Political Process in India

- Recent trends in Indian Party System
- Role of Caste, Class, Gender and Religion in Voting Behaviour
- Electoral Reforms-Recent Debates
- Secularism and Communalism Debates
- Politicisation of Caste

#### V. Introduction to Comparative Governments and Politics

- Going beyond Euro-centrism
- Capitalism: Meaning and development
- Globalization: features and impact
- Rise and decline of Communism as a ruling Ideology
- Decolonization meaning and context

#### VI. Introduction to Public Administration

- Public Policy
- New public Administration
- New Public Management
- New Public Service Approach
- Good governance
- Feminist perspective

#### VII. Perspective on International Relations

- Development of International Relations; Emergence of International State System
- Nationalization and Power
- National Interest-Key Development of International Relations
- Power, Conservations of International Relations
- Classical Realism and Neo-realism, Liberalism and Neo-liberalism, Marxist Approach, Feminist Perspective, Euro-centricism and Perspective from Global South
- World War-I causes and consequences, Significance of Bolshevik Revolution
- Rise of Fascism and Nazism, World War-II cause and consequences
- Cold war evolution and different phrases, Disintegration of USSR
- Emergence of Third World War and End of Cold War

#### VII. Political Processes and Institutions in Comparative Perspective

- New Institutionalism: meaning, background, significance
- Nation-State-meaning and Evolution in West Europe
- Nation and State Debates in Post colonial context
- Democratization in Post-Authoritarian Countries
- Democratization in Post-Communist Countries
- Federalism: meaning, evolution and features

#### IX. Public Policy and Administration in India

- Public Policy Process in India
- Concept and Significance of Budget, Budget cycle in India
- Various Approaches and Types of Budgeting
- Public Service Delivery System
- Redressal of Public Grievances: RTI, Lokpal, Citizens' Charter and e-Governance

#### X. Global Politics

- Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons
- International Terrorism: Non-State Actors and State Terrorism; Post 9/11 developments
- Political Debates on Sovereignty and Territoriality
- Cultural and Technological Dimension
- Global Resistances (Global Social Movements and NGOs)
- Ecological Issues: Historical Overview of International Environmental Agreements, Climate

Change

- Global Economy: Its Significance and Anchors of Global Political Economy: IMF, World Bank, WTO, TNCs
- Understanding Globalization and its Alternative Perspectives
- Migration & Human Security
- Global Shifts: Power and Governance

#### XI. Western Political Philosophy

- Hegel
- Marx

#### XII. Indian Political Philosophy

- Brahmanic and Shramanic
- Islamic and Syncretic
- Abul Fazal-Monarchy
- Kabir: Syncretism

#### XIII. Contemporary Political philosophy

- Antonio Gramsci
- John Rawls

#### XIV. Modern Indian Political Thought

- Pandita Ramabai: Gender, Critique of Orthodoxy
- Tagore Critique of Nationalism
- Savarkar: Hindutwa-A Critical Assessment
- Lohia: Socialism,
- J.P.Narayan: Total Revolution

#### Training Component of the UG Syllabus in Political Science (Pass)

The present Syllabus in Political Science requires special training for the teachers of undergraduate teaching. The training modules will update their knowledge and help them to deliver quality inputs to the students.

#### Themes on which inputs for teachers are to be developed:

#### I- Introduction to Political Theory

- Definition and Approaches: Normative, Historical, Behavioural and Post Behavioural, Relevance
- Debates in Political Theory: Protective discrimination and Equality.

#### II- COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

• Comparing Regimes: Authoritarian and Democratic

#### IV-INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

- Approaches to International Relations: Classical Realism, Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism Feminist Perspective
- Cold War and Post-Cold: Phases, Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centres of Power European Union, China, Russia and Japan

#### **Generic Elective -2 (Interdisciplinary): (additional option)**

#### 1) READING GANDHI

Course objective: Locating Gandhi in a global frame, the course seeks to elaborate Gandhian thought and examine its practical implications. It will introduce students to key instances of Gandhi's continuing influence right up to the contemporary period and enable them to critically evaluate his legacy.

Unit-I- Theories: Satyagraha, Ahimsa

Unit-II- Swaraj, Swadeshi

Unit-III- Relevance of Gandhi: Gandhi & Environment, Gandhi & Women, Gandhi and Social Harmony

Unit-IV- Gandhi and Global Peace: Gandhian Philosophy in Contemporary World

#### **Text Books**

- A. Parel (ed) (2000) Gandhi, Freedom and Self-Rule, New Delhi: Lexington Books.
- A. Parel (ed.) (1997) *Gandhi, Hind Swaraj and Other Writings* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- B. Parekh, (1999) *Colonialism, Tradition and Reform: An Analysis of Gandhi's Political Discourse*, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- Brown. J, and A Parel (eds) (2011) *Cambridge Companion to Gandhi*, Cambridge University Press.
- D. Dalton, (2000) A. Parel (ed) *Gandhi, Freedom and Self-Rule*, New Delhi: Lexington Books.
- H. Coward (ed) (2003) Indian Critiques of Gandhi, New York: State University of New York Press
- R. Iyer, (2001) *The Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press. pp. 344-358.
- R. Mukharjee, (ed) (1995), *The Penguin Gandhi Reader*, New Delhi: Penguin.

#### **Reference Books**

- B Parekh, (1997) *Gandhi: A Brief Insight*, Delhi: Sterling Publishing Company.
- Brown, J. (2008) *Gandhi and Civil Disobedience: The Mahatma in Indian Politics*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Chatterjee. P, (1986) *Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A derivative discourse?* Delhi: Zed Books.
- D. Dalton, (1996) Mahatma Gandhi: Selected Political Writings, USA: Hackett Publishing.
- D. Hardiman, (1981) *Peasant Nationalists of Gujarat: Kheda District, 1917-1934*, Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- D. Hardiman, (2003) Gandhi in his Time and Ours. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Dirks, (2001), 'Castes of Mind: Colonialism and the making of Modern India, Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Gandhi, (1941) 'Chapter 1, 2, 9, 15, and 16', in *Constructive Programme: Its Meaning and Place*, Ahmedabad: Navjivan Trust.

- R Iyer, (ed) (1993) *The Essential Writings of Mahatma Gandhi*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- R. Ramashray, (1984) *Self and Society: A Study in Gandhian Thought*, New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- S. Sarkar, (1982) *Modern India 1885-1947*, New Delhi: Macmillan.
- Taneja, (2005) Gandhi Women and the National Movement 1920-1947, New Delhi: Haranand Publishers.
- Terchek, (1998) *Gandhi: Struggling for Autonomy*, USA: Rowman and Littlefield Publishers.
- Weber, (2006) 'Gandhi is dead, Long live Gandhi- The Post Gandhi Gandhian Movement in India', in *Gandhi, Gandhism and the Gandhians*, New Delhi: Roli.

#### **Generic Elective- 3, Additional option**

#### 2) HUMAN RIGHTS GENDER AND ENVIRONMENT

Course Objective: This course aims at enabling the students to understand the issues concerning the rights of citizens in general and the marginalized groups in particular, and assess the institutional and policy measures which have been taken in response to the demands of various movements. Conceptual dimensions, international trends and the Indian experience form the contents of the course.

**Expected Learning Outcome:** The study of the course will equip the students with theoretical and conceptual understanding of socio – economic and political problems of marginalized groups in society such as women, dalits, minorities and adivasis and repercussions of contemporary developments on globalization on them.

#### **Unit-I Understanding Social Inequality**

- i. Caste, Gender, Ethnicity and Class as distinct categories and their interconnection.
- ii. Globalisation and its impact on workers, peasants, dalits, adivasis and women.

#### **Unit-II Human Rights**

- i. Human Rights: Various Meanings
- ii. UN Declarations and Covenants
- iii. Human Rights and Citizenship Rights
- iv. Human Rights and the Indian Constitution
- v. Human Rights, Laws and Institutions in India; the role of the National Human Rights Commission.
- vi. Human Rights of Marginalized Groups: Dalits, Adivasis, Women, Minorities and Unorganized Workers.
- vii. Consumer Rights: The Consumer Protection Act and Grievance Redressal mechanisms.
- viii. Human Rights Movement in India.

#### **Unit-III Gender**

- i. Analysing Structures of Patriarchy
- ii. Gender, Culture and History
- iii. Economic Development and Women

- iv. The issue of Women's Political Participation and Representation in India
- v. Laws, Institutions and Women's Rights in India
- vi. Women's Movements in India

#### **Unit-IV Environment**

- i. Environmental and Sustainable Development
- ii. UN Environment Programme: Rio, Johannesburg and after.
- iii. Issues of Industrial Pollution, Global Warming and threats to Bio diversity
- iv. Environment Policy in India
- v. Environmental Movement in India

#### **Text Books**

- Agarwal, Anil and Sunita Narain (1991), *Global Warming and Unequal World: A Case of Environmental Colonialism*, Centre for Science and Environment, Delhi.
- Baxi, Upendra (2002), *The Future of Human Rights*, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- Beteille, Andre (2003), *Antinomies of Society: Essays on Ideology and Institutions*, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- Geetha, V. (2002) *Gender*, Stree Publications, Kolkata.
- Ghanshyam Shah, (1991) Social Movements in India, Sage Publications, Delhi.
- Gonsalves, Colin (2011) Kaliyug: The decline of human rights law in the period of globalization Human Rights Law Network, New Delhi.
- Guha, Ramachandra and Madhav Gadgil, (1993) *Environmental History of India*, University of California Press, Berkeley.
- Haragopal, G. (1997) *The Political Economy of Human Rights*, Himachal Publishing House, Mumbai
- Menon, Nivedita (ed) (2000) Gender and Politics in India, Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- Patel, Sujata et al (eds) (2003) *Gender and Caste: Issues in Contemporary Indian Feminism*, Kali for Women, Delhi.
- Sen, Amartya, (1999) Development as Freedom New Delhi, OUP.
- Shah, Nandita and Nandita Gandhi (1992) *Issues at Stake: Theory and Practice in the Contemporary Women's Movement in India*, Kali for Women, Delhi.

#### Generic Elective (Interdisciplinary): 4 (additional Option)

#### 1. Feminism: Theory and Practice

- Feminist theorizing of the sex/gender distinction; Public Man and Private Woman
- Radical feminism and Eco-feminism
- Women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India
- Traditional Historiography and Feminist critiques; Social Reforms Movement and position of women in India, History of Women's struggle in Post- Independent India
- Family in contemporary India patrilineal and matrilineal practices. Gender Relations in the Family, Patterns of Consumption: Intra Household Divisions, entitlements and bargaining, Property Rights

• Understanding Woman's Work and Labour – Sexual Division of Labour, Productive and Reproductive labour, Visible - invisible work – Unpaid (reproductive and care), Underpaid and Paid work, - Methods of computing women's work, Female headed households

#### II. Gandhi and The Contemporary World

- Relevance of Gandhi: Gandhi and Environment, Gandhi and Women, Gandhi and Social Harmony
- Gandhi and Global Peace: Gandhian Philosophy in Contemporary World

#### III. Governance: Issues and Challenges

- Role of State in the Era of Globalization: State, Market and Civil Society
- Good Governance
- Sustainable Development and Governance
- People' Participation in Local Governance and Deepening Democracy
- Public Service Guarantee Acts and Electronic Governance
- Citizens Charter and Right to Information, Corporate Social Responsibility

#### **DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE -4 (DSE Additional)**

#### I. Human Rights in a Comparative Perspective

- Rights in National Constitutions: South Africa
- International Refugee Law, International Humanitarian Law

#### II. Development Process and Social Movements in Contemporary India

- Welfare State, Development and the role of Planning Commission
- Development in the era of Liberalization and Reforms
- Industrial Development and its impact on organized and unorganized labour
- Agricultural Development and Agrarian Crisis, Land Reforms and Green Revolution,
- Social Movements: Meaning and Approaches, New Social Movements
- Women's Movement, Environmental Movements
- Dalit Movement, Tribal Movement,
- Leftwing Extremism: Issues and Challenges

#### III. India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World

- India's Foreign Policy: Postcolonial Perspective
- India and South Asia: SAARC, Look East Policy, Act East Policy
- India as an emerging Global Power, Myth and Reality
- India in the Contemporary World

#### IV. Women, Power and Politics

- Gender, Power and Politics
- WID (Women in Development), WAD (Women and Development), GAD (Gender and Development
- Women and Work (Visible and Invisible)

# ଦକ୍ଷତାବର୍ଦ୍ଧକ ବାଧତାମୂଳକ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ

### **Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)**

ଯୋଗାଯୋଗମୂଳକ ମାତୃଭାଷା – ଓଡ଼ିଆ

(2019-20)

#### MIL (Communications) - Odia

ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟାୟ (2<sup>nd</sup> Semester) କଳା, ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଓ ବାଣିଜ୍ୟ ସାଧାରଣ (Pass) / ସମ୍ମାନ (Hons) ଖେଣୀ ପାଇଁ ଉଦ୍ଦିଷ୍ଟ

ମୋଟ୍ କ୍ରେଡିଟ୍ସ-୪, ମୋଟ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ପାଠଦାନ ନିର୍ଘି**ଷ** -୪୦, ଗୋଟିଏ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ପାଠଦାନର (ପିରିୟଡ୍) ସମୟ ଅବଧି -୪୫ ମିନିଟ୍, ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ – ୨, ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣସଂଖ୍ୟା – ୧୦୦

(Credits – 4) Total Classes - 40, One Period - 45 Minutes, Course - II, Full Marks - 100

### ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ଭୂମିକା:

ଏହି ପାଠ୍ୟଖସଡ଼ାଟି ପସନ୍ଦ ଓ ଆସ୍ଥାଭ**ତି**କ (CBCS / ସିବିସିଏସ୍) ପାଠ୍ୟ ପ୍ରଣାଳୀ ଅନୁସାରେ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ ହୋଇଛି । ବିଭିନ୍ନ ସରରେ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ ଅନୁସାରେ ସମସାମୟିକ ପରିସ୍ଥିତିକୁ ନେଇ ଭାବବିନିମୟ ଓ ପାରଷରିକ ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ ସ୍ଥାପନ କିପରି ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାରେ ସହଜରେ, ସରଳରେ ହୋଇପାରିବ – ଏ ଦିଗ ପ୍ରତି ଏଥିରେ ଧାନ ଦିଆଯାଇଛି । ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷା ଓ ସାହିତ୍ୟର ପ୍ରାୟୋଗିକ ଜ୍ଞାନର ବିକାଶ ନିମି**ତ୍ତ** +୩ ସରୀୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ଏହି ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ଖସଡ଼ାଟି ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିବ । ସେଥିପାଇଁ ପ୍ରଚଳିତ ଭାଷାର ବୈୟାକରଣିକ, ବ୍ୟାବହାରିକ ଓ ପ୍ରାୟୋଗିକ ଦିଗ ପ୍ରତି ଏଥିରେ ଧାନ ଦିଆଯାଇଛି । ଏଥିରେ ସଂଯୋଗ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାର ଅନୁବିଧି, ଯୋଗାଯୋଗର ତଥ୍ୟ ଓ ତତ୍ତ୍ୱ ପ୍ରତି ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱ ଦିଆଯାଇଛି । ସରକାରୀ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାର ବ୍ୟବହାରରେ ଏହା ଦକ୍ଷତା ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରିବ । ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାର ପ୍ରୟୋଗରେ ସେମାନେ ଶୁଦ୍ଧ ଓ ପରିଚ୍ଛନ୍ନ ଭାବରେ ଯେକୌଣସି ପ୍ରକାର ଜ୍ଞାନର ସୂଚନା ତଥ୍ୟ ଓ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତକୁ ମୌଖିକ ଓ ଲିଖିତ ସରରେ ସହଜରେ ପ୍ରକାଶ କରିପାରିବେ ଏବଂ ସେମାନଙ୍କ ମାତୃଭାଷା ପ୍ରୟୋଗର ବିକାଶ ଘଟିପାରିବ ।

## ମୂଲ୍ୟ ବିଭାଜନ ପଦ୍ଧତି : (ସବୁଥିରୁ ବିକଳ୍ପ ପଡ଼ିବ)

- କ) ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ପାଠ୍ୟର ସବୁ ଏକକ (ଯୁନିଟ୍) ରୁ ବିକଳ୍ପସହ ଦୁଇଟି ଲେଖାଏଁ ମୋଟ ୮ଟି ୧୫ନୟର ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ଦୀର୍ଘପ୍ରଶୁ ପଡିବ । ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ ୪ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ରର ଉତ୍ତର ଦେବାକୁ ହେବ ।(୧୫ x ୪ = ୬୦)
- ଖ) ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରିତ ପାଠ୍ୟର ସବୁ ଏକକରୁ ୧୨ଟି ଅତିସଂକ୍ଷିଷ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ପଡ଼ିବ । ସେଥିରୁ ୧୦ଟି ପ୍ରଶ୍ନର ଉ**ତ୍ତ**ର ଦେବାକୁ ହେବ । (୧୦ x ୨ = ୨୦)
- ଗ) ମହାବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟସ୍ତରୀୟ ଅନ୍ତଃ ପରୀକ୍ଷା (୨୦) ମୋଟ ମୂଲ୍ୟାଙ୍କ - ୧୦୦

## ସବିଶେଷ ପାଠ୍ୟ

### ଯୋଗାଯୋଗମୂଳକ ମାତୃଭାଷା – ଓଡ଼ିଆ (AECC)

### ପାଠ୍ୟ-୧ / Course - 1: ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ ଅନୁବିଧି, ରୀତି ଓ ମାଧ୍ୟମ

୧ମ ଏକକ : ଯୋଗାଯୋଗର ପରିଭାଷା, ଅନୁବିଧି, ପରିସର ଓ ପ୍ରକାରଭେଦ

୨ୟ ଏକକ : ସାକ୍ଷାତକାର, ଭାଷଣ କଳା

୩ୟ ଏକକ : ସମ୍ପାବର ପରିଭାଷା, ପରିସର ଓ ସମ୍ପାବ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତି

୪ର୍ଥ ଏକକ : ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷାର ବର୍ଣ୍ଣମାଳା, ବର୍ଣ୍ଣାଶୁଦ୍ଧିର ନିରାକରଣ । (ବନାନ ତ୍ରୁଟି - ସାଦୃଶ୍ୟଜନିତ ଅଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ଲିଙ୍ଗଗତ ଅଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ସନ୍ଧିଗତ ଅଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ସମାସଗତ ଅଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ବଚନ ଓ ବିଭକ୍ତିଗତ ଅଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ବାକ୍ୟ ବିଧୂଜନିତ ଅଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ସମାର୍ଥବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦାଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ପ୍ରତ୍ୟୟ ଜନିତ ଅଶୁଦ୍ଧି, ଶବ୍ଦ ସଂଯୋଗାମୁକ ଓ

ସ୍କରସଙ୍ଗତି ଜନିତ ଅଶ୍ୱଦ୍ଧି)

### ସହାୟକ ଗୁନ୍ୟୁବୀ (ପାଠ୍ୟ-୧ / Course - 1)

- ୧.ଯୋଗାଯୋଗ ମୂଳକ ମାତୃଦ୍ଭାଷା (ଓଡ଼ିଆ) ସାମଲ ବିରଞ୍ଚି ନାରାୟଣ, ସତ୍ୟନାରାୟଣ ବୁକ ଷ୍ଟୋର, କଟକ ।
- ୨. ସଂଯୋଗ ଅନୁବିଧି, ସନ୍ତୋଷ କୁମାର ତ୍ରିପାଠୀ, ନାଳନ୍ଦା, କଟକ
- ୩. ଭାଷଣ କଳା ଓ ଅନ୍ୟାନ୍ୟ ପ୍ରସଙ୍ଗ କୃଷ୍ଠଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ପ୍ରଧାନ, ସତ୍ୟନାରାୟଣ ବୃକ୍ ଷ୍ଟୋର,କଟକ
- ୪. ପ୍ରାୟୋଗିକ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଭାଷା ଓଡ଼ିଶା ରାଜ୍ୟପାଠ୍ୟ ପୁସକ ପ୍ରଣୟନ ଓ ପ୍ରକାଶନ ସଂସ୍ଥା, ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର
- ୧.ସମ୍ବାଦ ଓ ସାମ୍ବାଦିକତା ଚନ୍ଦ୍ରଶେଖର ମହାପାତ୍ର, ଓଡ଼ିଶା ରାଜ୍ୟ ପାଠ୍ୟପୁଞ୍ଚକ ପ୍ରଣୟନ ଓ ପ୍ରକାଶନ ସଂସ୍ଥା, ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର
- ୧. ନିର୍ଭୁଲ ଲେଖାର ମୂଳସୂତ୍ର, ନୀଳାନ୍ଦିଭୂଷଣ ହରିଚନ୍ଦନ, ପି.ସି.ଆର **ପ**ବ୍ଲିକେସନ, ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର
- ୨. ସର୍ବସାର ବ୍ୟାକରଣ ନାରାୟଣ ମହାପାତ୍ର ଓ ଶ୍ରୀଧର ଦାସ, ନିୟୁ ଷ୍ଟୁଡେ**ଞ୍**ସ୍ ଷ୍ଟୋର, କଟକ

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

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## DISASTER MANAGEMENT (AECC I)

#### SEMESTER-1

# FOR UNDER-GRADUATE COURSES ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE (2021-22)

### Course Objectives:

The following objectives have been framed for the proposed curriculum to: -

- 1. Find out solutions for a sustainable Earth for future generation
- Make the stakeholders aware of their rights, responsibilities, consequences of their conduct towards nature and build resilience
- Develop a sense of equitable use of resources and their preservation for the future generation
- 4. Sensitize the stakeholders on Disaster and Pandemic preparedness

## Learning Outcome:

On successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- Identify the historical origins of destructive attitudes and practices toward the natural environment;
- 2. Know the compatibility of human and environmental/ecological values
- 3. Know the natural resources available on earth and how to conserve and manage them
- Understand the disasters and pandemic they are facing and empower the new generation to face the new challenges

# Pedagogy/ Teaching Transaction

- 1. Classroom teaching
- Self-Study
- 3. E-Learning
- 4. Guest Lectures
- 5. Case Study Analysis and Discussion
- Field Trip/Visit
- 7. Seminars
- 8. Audio, Video, Film Based Discussion/Analysis
- Group Exercises
- 10. Group Discussions

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# ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES DISASTER MANAGEMENT

(AECC I) SEMESTER-1

FOR UNDER-GRADUATE COURSES ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE (2021-22) FULL MARK-100 (Credit-4)

# Unit-I (Environment)

(13 periodsx45 min)

The Environment: The Atmosphere, Lithosphere, Hydrosphere, Biosphere (01 period)

Ecosystem: Energy flow in the ecosystem (01 period)

Biogeochemical Cycle: Water Cycle, Carbon Cycle, Nitrogen Cycle (02 periods)

Pollution: Water Pollution, Air Pollution, Soil Pollution, Radiation Pollution, Industrial Pollution, Light Pollution, Sound Pollution (05 periods)

Environmental Laws (Water Act 1974, Air Act 1981, The Wildlife Protection Act 1972, The Environment Protection Act 1986), The Forest Conservation Act 1980 (04 periods)

Unit-II (Climate Change & Sustainable Development) (13 periodsx45 min) Population Ecology: Individuals, Species, Population, Community (01

period) Human Population Growth, Population Control Methods (01 period) Urbanization and its effect on society (01 period)

Climate Change: Causes, effect, Global Warming, Carbon footprint and en-onmental protection (05 periods)

Steps taken towards sustainable development: Ban of single-use plastics, Automobile Scrapping Policy, Promotion of Electrical Vehicles (03 periods)

Brief idea on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), Agenda 21 of Rio Earth Summit (02 periods)

## Unit-III (Disaster Management)

(13 periods x 45 min)

Disaster Management: Types of disasters (Natural and Man-made) and their causes and effect) (02 periods)

Vulnerability Assessment and Risk Analysis: Vulnerability to various disasters (Flood, Cyclone, Earthquake, Heat waves and Lightning) (02 periods)

Institutional Framework: Institutional arrangements for disaster management (National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), State Disaster Management Authority (SDMA), District Disaster Management Authority (DDMA), National Disaster Response Force (NDRF) and Odisha Disaster Rapid Action Force (ODRAF) (02 periods)

Preparedness Measures: Disaster Management Cycle, Early Warning System, Pre-Disaster and Post-Disaster Preparedness, Strengthening of SDMA and DDMA, Community Preparedness, Stakeholder participation, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (05 periods)

Survival Skills: Survival skills adopted during and after disaster (Flood,

of the same

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# Unit-IV (Public Health Management)

(13 periods x 45min)

Brief idea on Epidemics and Pandemics (01 period)

Non-communicable diseases with special reference to Cardiovascular diseases, Cancer, Diabetes, Hypertension and Obesity and their

Communicable diseases with special reference to Covid-19, Flu, prevention (02 periods) Hepatitis, AIDS and Tuberculosis and their transmission (02 periods) Dynamics of Disease Transmission: Mode of transmission (Direct/Indirect), Events after infection: Immunity (Active vrs Passive, Innate vrs Acquired, Herd Immunity), Incubation Period (02 periods) Prevention of Epidemics/Pandemics Diseases: Preventing Measures (Quarantine, Sanitization, Personal Protective measures such as Hand washing and use of protective devices, Vaccination); Control Measures

(Surveillance, Isolation, Contact Tracing) (03 Periods) Life Style management (Diet, Physical Exercise, Yoga and sleeping habit) (02 periods)

Role of Different Sectors in Managing Health Disaster: Role of Government (Centre and State), Community, Civil Society, Student mass, NGOs (01 period)

# Books Recommended:

- Asthana DK and Asthana M: A Text Book of Environmental Studies, S. Chand, New Delhi
- 2. Bharucha E: A Text Book of Environmental Studies, New Delhi: UGC
- 3. Dash MC and Mishra PC: Man and Environment, McMillan, London
- Disaster Management and Mitigation Plan, 2013 of Dept. of Health
   Family Welfare, Govt. of Odisha\*
- Mishra DD: Fundamental Concepts in Environmental Studies, S. Chand, New Delhi
- 6. National Policy on Disaster Management, 2009\*
- National Disaster Management Plan, 2019\*
- 8. Odum EP: Fundamentals of Ecology, Natraj Publications
- 9. State Disaster Management Plan, 2019 of Government of Odisha\*
- 10. Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) issued by Govt. of India and Govt. Of Odisha on Public Health Managements in the websites: www.mohfw.gov.in and health.odisha.gov.in\*
- 11. The Disaster Management Act, 2005 of Government of India\*

  [Note: Star (\*) marked References, published by the State as well as

  Central Government are available in the open sources]

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#### SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)

As per the CBCS regulation, the student registered under Honours course in any subject has to opt for two SEC courses and a student registered under Pass stream has to opt for four SEC courses. In this context, Some options are provided here. Syllabus of individual subjects also have listed additional skill based papers at the end. In addition, the combined board and Project OHEPEE has also formulated two skill papers in great detail keeping requirements of spoken English and quantitative as well as logical thinking abilities in mind. These two Special SEC papers are available as separate Model Syllabi.

**Optional for SEC paper** 

#### **Total Marks-100**

#### **Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC Option-I)**

#### **ENGLISH COMMUNICATION**

**Introduction:** This paper intends to build up the four primary skills in students in the academic as well as in the wider domains of use like public offices. The books recommended only provide guidelines for what to teach, and the list is in no way exhaustive. Teachers must be free and resourceful enough to collect teaching materials on their own, and even use newspaper clippings as teaching materials.

This is an activity-based, goal-oriented, functional course in English Communication, which aims to make the students able and efficient communicators by helping them to be self-reflexive about English. This course has a pre-defined context of being supportive and complementary to the core courses in various disciplines. Therefore, unlike most other courses in English Communication on offer, it does not seek to build facile fluency that passes off as communicative competence. Rather, it intends to equip the students with the relevant skills of presentation and expression needed in the academic as well as in the professional domains of communicative use. While reading skills exercises are meant to promote the acquisition of analytical and comprehension skills, writing skills exercises are centered on sentence construction, paragraph development and précis writing. Teachers must be free and flexible enough in relation to teaching materials, using newspaper clippings, non-conventional and multimedia resources in the classroom. There is ample scope to build the speaking and listening skills of students in the way the course is planned with an emphasis on interactive learning and articulation.

#### **UNIT 1: Introduction**

- (i) What is communication?
- (ii) Types of communication (Horizontal, Vertical, Interpersonal, Grapevine),
- (iii) Uses of Communication, Inter-cultural communication, Communication today:
- (iv)Distinct features of Indianisation, alternative texts of language learning, global English and English in the print and electronic media in India.

#### UNIT 2: The Four Skills and Prospect of new material in language learning

- (i) Listening-Passive and active, Speaking effective, intelligibility and clarity
- (ii) Methods and techniques of reading such as skimming, scanning and searching for information; Reading to understand the literal, metaphorical and suggested meaning of a passage,
- (iii) Identifying the tone (admiring, accusatory, ironical, sympathetic, evasive, indecisive, ambiguous, neutral etc.) of the writer and view-points.
- (iv)Cohesive and Coherent writing

#### **UNIT 3: Grammatical and Composition Skills**

- (i) Doing exercises like filling in the blanks, correcting errors, choosing correct forms out of alternative choices, joining clauses, rewriting sentences as directed, and replacing indicated sections with single words / opposites / synonyms, choosing to use correct punctuation marks, getting to understand and use formal and informal styles, learning to understand the usages of officialese, sexism, racism, jargon.
- (ii) Learning to understand information structure of the sentence such as topic-focus relationship; strategies of thematization, postponement, emphasis, structural compression (deletion of redundant parts, nominalization, cleft and pseudo-cleft sentences, elliptical structures etc.), Logical Connectors between sentences, Methods of developing a paragraph, structure of an essay and methods of developing an essay

#### **UNIT 4: Exercises in Written Communication**

- (i) Précis writing
- (ii) Note-taking skills
- (iii) Writing reports
- (iv)Guidelines and essentials of official correspondence for making enquiries, complaints and replies
- (v) Making representations; writing letters of application for jobs; writing CV, writing letters to the editor and social appeals in the form of letters/pamphlets.

#### **Reference Books:**

• Ways of Reading: Advanced reading Skills for Students of English Literature. Martin Montgomery et al. London: Routledge, 2007.

- Applying Communication Theory for Professional Life: A Practical Introduction.
   Dainton and Zelley, <a href="http://tsime.uz.ac.zw/claroline/backends/download.php?">http://tsime.uz.ac.zw/claroline/backends/download.php?</a>
   url=L0ludHJvX3RvX2NvbW11bmljYXRpb25fVGhlb3J5LnBkZg%3D
   %3D&cidReset=true&cidReq=MBA563
- Literature and the art of Communication, Cambridge University Press.
- *Vistas and Visions*. Orient Black Swan (writing and grammar exercises at the end of lessons are recommended) From *Remapping An Anthology for Degree Classes*, ('Writing Skills'), Orient Black Swan.
- Indian English through Newspapers (Chapter 4,5 and 6), Concept, New Delhi, 2008.
- Contemporary Communicative English, S Chand
- Technical Communication: A Reader Centred Approach. P.V. Anderson. Wadsworth, Cengage.

# SEC- II (Quantitative and Logical Thinking)

#### QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE & DATA INTERPRETATION

Unit-1: Whole numbers, Integers, Rational and irrational numbers, Fractions, Square roots and Cube roots, Surds and Indices, Problems on Numbers, Divisibility, Steps of Long Division Method for Finding Square Roots

Unit -2: Basic concepts, Different formulae of Percentage, Profit and Loss, Discount, Simple interest, Ratio and Proportion, Mixture.

Unit-3: Time and Work, Pipes and Cisterns, Basic concepts of Time, Distance and Speed; relationship among them.

Unit-4: Concept of Angles, Different Polygons like triangles, rectangle, square, right angled triangle, Pythagorean Theorem, Perimeter and Area of Triangles, Rectangles, Circles.

Unit -5: Raw and Grouped Data, Bar Graphs, Pie charts. Mean, Median and Mode, Events and Sample Space, Probability

#### LOGICAL REASONING

Unit-1: Analogy basing on kinds of relationships, Simple Analogy, Pattern and Series of Numbers, Letters, Figures. Coding-Decoding of Numbers, Letters, Symbols (Figures), Blood relations.

UNIT-2 Logical Statements-Two premise argument, More than two premise argument using connectives.

UNIT -3: Venn Diagrams, Mirror Images, Problems on Cubes and Dices.



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## BERHAMPUR UNIVERSITY,

BHANJA BIHAR, BERHAMPUR -760007(GANJAM) ODISHA.

No. 7738 /Acad-I/BU/2021

Date 5/11/202/

# **NOTIFICATION**

It is for information of all concerned that basing on the recommendation of the Board of Studies in Home Science, the Vice-Chancellor has been pleased to approve the model Syllabus on "Ethics and Values" for Under Graduate level to be effective from the Academic Session 2021-22 onwards. The syllabus shall be applicable to all affiliated and autonomous colleges and will be available in the Berhampur University website.

Memo No. 7739 (57) (Acad 1/BU/2021)

Copy to

Date 5/11/2021

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- 1. The Member Secretary // Vice Chairperson, Odisha State Higher Education Council, Dept. of Higher Education, Govt. of Odisha, Bhubaneswar for information.
- 2. The Principal, all the Affiliated // Autonomous College, Under Berhampur University, for information and necessary action.
- 3. The Controller of Examinations, Berhampur University for information and necessar; action.
- 4. The Section Officer, Question Setting Unit, Berhampur University for information and necessary action.
- 5. The Section Officer, Examination General / Confidential UG Section, Berhampur University for information and necessary action.

6. The Web Administrator along with soft copy of the Syllabus, Berhampur University, with a request to upload the same in the University website.

DEPUTY REGISTRAR

# SUGGESTED CURRICULUM FOR THE PROPOSED COURSE

# Ethics and Values

the maisting of six modules of theredit each; 15 lectures per credit;

# ODISHA STATE HIGHER EDUCATION COUNCIL

A-11, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, PUSTAK BHAVAN SUKA BIHAR, BHOI NAGAR-751022 BHUBANESWAR, ODISHA

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# OBJECTIVES/LEARNING GOALS OF THE COURSE

- Development of a good human being and a responsible citizen.
- Developing a sense of right and wrong leading to ethically correct behavior.
- Inculcating a positive attitude and a healthy work culture.

#### SEMESTER-I

#### Unit-1

# Title: - Issues Relating to Women

# Total no. of Periods-15

Full mark-25

Credit point -1

## 1.0 Aims of the Unit:

- The module aims to generate a sensitivity among the students towards women
- Enable them to value the contributions of women, from family to the larger society
- To generate among them a distinct urge to respect women
- To appreciate that women should have equal status and equal entitlements as member of the

### Learning Objectives:

After going through the contents of the module and the classroom transactions on the contents, the students are expected to

- Have changes in their perceptions and practices towards women
- Develop proper attitude towards women and value their work and contribution
- Come forward to challenge unethical treatments against women
- End gender based hierarchy and hegemony, remove the feeling that women are counter to men and bring about a complementarity among the hitherto existing gender binary
- Allow women to realize their self worth and contribute their best for betterment of the society
- Pioneer in creating a gender equal society where the well being, happiness and security of the women will be well protected; contributing towards a better and happier society

## **Teaching Hours**

## 1.1 Introduction:

General introduction on Ethics and Values, Gender equality as an essential precursor to social progress, the present scenario, Desirable gender related values. 1.2 Women and Family

1-2-3

Pre-natal sex selection, Gendered practices in the family, Gender based division of labour in the family, Marriage and women, Marriage and women's consent, Child marriage, Practice of dowry, Women and family violence.

4-5-6-7

## 1.3 Women and Work

Women's work: The Invisible hands, Exploitation of women at work, Gender Stereotyping at work, Glass ceiling, Women and pay gap, Sexual Harassment of women at work, Working women and role conflict.

8-9-10-11

# 1.4 Women, Community and Society

Violence against women in public spaces, Gender sensitive language and communication, Gendered language, Sexist Language, Gender neutral language, Women and property Rights, Women's property Rights in Indian Laws, The functionality of Women's Property Rights:

12-13-14-15

# SEMESTER-II

## Unit-2

# Title: - Values and Good Citizenship

# Total no. of Periods-15

# Full mark-25

Credit point -1

# 2.0 Aim of the Unit:

- Introducing the Salient features of Indian Constitution to students and to inculcate the sense of patriotism in them Encouraging them to Volunteer for social work
- Instilling appropriate work ethics in them

# Learning Objectives:

- Understanding Basic Values of Indian Constitution
- Inculcating Volunteerism for Social change
- Helping students to become good human being and citizen

2.1 Indian Constitution Salient Values of a	Teaching Hours
Salient Values of Preamble: Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic, Republic, Justice, Liberty, Equality and Fraternity.	1-2-3
2.2 Patriotism	!
Patriotic Value and ingredients of nation building, Concept of Good citizenship, Emotional connection with the country, Duties of citizens and Qualities of good citizens	4-5-6-7
2.3 Volunteerism	!
Concept and facets of Volunteerism and Leadership, Building a better society through Volunteerism, Blood Donation, Social Work, Helping the Aged, Environmental Protection	8-9-10-11
2.4 Work Ethics	
Punctuality, Cleanliness, Law abidingness, Rational Thinking and	12-13-14-15

12-13-14-15

# SEMESTER-III Unit-3

# Title: - Issues of Drug, Tobacco and Alcohol Addiction

Total no. of Periods-15

Full mark-25

Credit point -1

# 3.0 Aims of the Unit:

- Creating awareness about health and Societal hazards of drugs, tobacco and alcohol
   addiction
- Sensitizing students about professional support system for treatment and rehabilitation

# Learning Objectives:

- The students become aware of the grave danger of consuming alcohol, tobacco and drugs
- Students would encourage their friends to remain away from tobacco, alcohol, drugs and seek professional help when needed

3.1 Extent of the Problem	Teaching Hours
Extent of Drug and Tobacco addiction and alcoholism in India, Myths associated with them, Health hazards associated with them and how they have become silent killers  3.2 Socio- economic impact	1-2-3-4
Socio- economic impact of Drug and Tobacco addiction and alcoholism:	5-6-7-8
Loss of physical and mental strength, Loss of character, Loss of family ties and relationship, Loss of earning and livelihood potentials, Loss of societal respect and dignity etc  3.3 Laws to Address this Problem  Silent features of social legislation such as NDPS Act, 1985 and COTPA Act, 2003, Mechanism and Government Schemes for prevention, deaddiction and rehabilitation	9-10-11-12
3.4 Role of Stake - holders  Provision of Tobacco free campus and role of students, Role of students in heir family and immediate surroundings, Role of NGOs and other agencies	13-14-15

### **SEMESTER-IV** Unit-4

## Title: - Ethical Values for Student Life

#### Total no. of Periods-15

#### Full mark-25

Credit point -1

#### 4.0 Aims of the Unit:

- To familiarize the students with core values of Academics and Goals of Education
- To create an awareness about Unethical practices in the academics

#### Learning Objectives:

- The students will learn to behave ethically in the campus
- Exhibit respectful treatment to others in an organizational context
- Contribute to develop a positive social environment through active participation and cooperation with others

# **Teaching Hours**

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4.1 Meaning and Objective of Education:	122
Knowledge is power and quest for knowledge is the real meaning	1-2-3
of education, not quest for Degree and qualifications; Real education	
builds character: Difference between Academic Qualification and Ability.	:
Academic failure could be failure within the classroom, but not outside	
(i.e. Failed in exam, passed in life!)	İ
4.2 Challenges for Ethical Practices in Institutions of Higher Education:	!
Ragging, Suicide and Need for Educational Counseling,	4-5-6-7
Violence vs. Peaceful Protest, Conflict resolution, Plagiarism	
and Violation of Intellectual property Rights, Cheating in	
Examination and other Fraudulent Practices	
4.3 Inter personal Relation and Community Life in HEI:	
Green Preacher and conservation of Energy Community Life in	8-9-10-11
Campus including Hostels, Local Common area. Inter personal	
relations (Students-Teacher, Students-Student and Man- Woman, Positive Friendship).	
4.4 Ethical Leadership in Academic Institution:	42.45
Concept and Traits of Loadovakia to	12-13-14-15
Concept and Traits of Leadership to provide solution, everyone has	÷
Leadership Role (not limited to position), Concept of Ethical leadership,	
Scope of Leadership in college and Universities for Students, Teachers	
and Administrators, Importance of co-curricular and extra – curricular activities.	
assisting.	

## SEMESTER-V Unit-5

# Title: -Vulnerable Sections of Society: Understanding their Issues

Total no. of Periods-15

Full mark-25

Credit point -1

# 5.0 Aims of the Unit:

To create an awareness amongst students about the need for ensuring dignity and equality for the vulnerable sections of the society.

# Learning Objectives:

- Students would be able to appreciate values and ethics relating to vulnerable
- Students would learn to practice equality, diversity and social justice.
- Students would become more empathetic and compassionate towards vulnerable

5.1 Issues Relating to Children:	Teaching Hours
Nutrition and health, Child Exploitation: Child labour, trafficking, Sexual exploitation	1-2-3-4
5.2 Issues Relating to Elderly Persons: Abuse of Elders, Financial Insecurity, Loneliness and Social Insecurity, Health Care Issues, Needs for a Happy and Dignified Ageing	5-6-7-8
<b>5.3 Issues Relating to Persons with disability:</b> Rights of PWD, affirmative action, Prevention of discrimination, providing equal opportunity, various scheme for empowering PWD and social justice for PWD	9-10-11-12
5.4 Issues Relating to Third Gender: Inderstanding the Third Gender, Social justice for them, Removal of iscrimination, Affirmative action and Acceptance of diversity of gender.	13-14-15

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#### **SEMESTER-VI**

#### Unit-6

## Title: - Environmental & Techno Ethics

Total no. of Periods-15

Full mark-25

Credit point -1

#### Aims of the Unit:

- To develop awareness and sensitize students about the importance of environment for a sustainable earth and to bring Green Technology into action
- To focus their attention towards cleanliness, preservation of biodiversity and practice of conservation of natural resources
- To make them understand the judicious use of modern technology strictly on need basis
- To use science and technology for preservation of environment and its sustainable development but not for destruction.

#### Learning Objectives:

- Develop an understanding of environmental ethics and work towards sustainable development
- Commitment to Green Technology for sustainable future
- Understand ethical issues relating to use of digital medium

Teaching Hours
1-2-3
:
4-5-6-7
8-9-10-11
12-13-14-15

April 2021

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