

**5th Semester Examination, 2021**

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

2. (a) Examine Plato's Doctrine of Ideas.

Or

(b) Discuss on Plato's theory of Justice.

3. (a) Examine Aristotle's theory of Justice.

Or

(b) Discuss on Aristotle's classification of Government.

4. (a) Examine Machiavelli's separation and subordination of Morality and Religion.

Or

(b) Examine Machiavelli's statecraft.

5. (a) Examine Hobbe's concept of Human Nature.

Or

(b) Analyse on Locke's Social Contract.

Answer any one Group as per your Syllabus

Answer from all the Sections as per direction

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks candidates are required to answer in their own words as far as practicable

**GROUP — A**

**(MODEL SYLLABUS)**

**(WESTERN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY)**

**SECTION — A**

Fill in the blanks :

1 × 12

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ wrote the famous book, "Republic".

- (b) \_\_\_\_\_ had given the concept of 'General will'.
- (c) \_\_\_\_\_ said, "The state came into being for the sake of life and continues to exist for the sake of good life".
- (d) The principle of "golden mean" was given by \_\_\_\_\_.
- (e) \_\_\_\_\_ said, "Justice is virtue in action".
- (f) \_\_\_\_\_ wrote the famous book. "The subjection of women".
- (g) \_\_\_\_\_ wrote, "The history of all hitherto existing society is a history of class struggle."
- (h) \_\_\_\_\_ said, "the state of nature is a state of peace, good will, mutual assistance and self-presentation".
- (i) "Noble savage", is a term given to man by \_\_\_\_\_.
- (j) \_\_\_\_\_ philosopher is known as child of Renaissance.

(k) \_\_\_\_\_ said, "Justice is another name of righteousness.

(l) \_\_\_\_\_ wrote the book, "Leviathan".

## SECTION - B

2. Answer any *eight* of the following questions.

The answer should be within *two* or *three* sentences  
maximum :  $2 \times 8$

- (a) What is the main theme of Platonic Justice ?
- (b) What is Plato's communism of property ?
- (c) What is distributive justice according to Aristotle ?
- (d) Why Aristotle is considered as a political realist ?
- (e) What is life of man according to Hobbe's in State of nature ?
- (f) What is Machiavellis views on human nature ?

( 4 )

- (g) Who are the guardian class according to Plato in his Ideal State ?
- (h) Why Locke said the government should be based on consent ?
- (i) What is primitive communism according to Karl Marx ?
- (j) Why J.S. Mill supported the cause of women ?

SECTION - C

3. Answer any *eight* of the following questions.

The answer should be within 75 words maximum :

3 × 8

- (a) Theory of Ideas given by Plato.
- (b) Three difference between Platonic communism and modern communism.
- (c) Aristotle's views on slavery.
- (d) Locke's views on Right to property.

AH POL - 11

( Continued )

( 5 )

- (e) Machiavellis views on law and morality.
- (f) Rousseau's views on state of nature.
- (g) Plato's views on communism of wives.
- (h) J. S. Mill's concept of Representative Government.
- (i) Karl Marx's theory of Surplus value.
- (j) Marx's theory of Dictatorship of the proletariat.

SECTION - D

Answer **all** the questions. The answer should be within 500 words maximum :

7 × 4

4. Discuss Plato's concept of Ideal State.

Or

Examine Aristotle's theory of Justice.

AH POL - 11

( Turn Over )

( 6 )

5. Critically analyse Machiavelli's Political Philosophy.

Or

Evaluate the conception of Hobbesian Sovereignty as enumerated in his 'Leviathan—the master piece'.

6. Write a note on Locke's political philosophy.

Or

Examine the nature and characteristics of Rousseau's General Will.

7. Discuss J.S. Mill's views on Liberty.

Or

Examine Karl Marx's theory of historical materialism.

AH POL - 11

(Continued)

( 7 )

GROUP - B  
(OLD SYLLABUS)

(CLASSICAL POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY)

SECTION - A

1. Answer the following : 2 x 8

- (a) Why study the classical political thought is utility of classics ?
- (b) Distinguish between Plato's Communism and Modern Communism.
- (c) Characteristics of Platonic Justice.
- (d) Examine Aristotle's Justice.
- (e) Explain Machiavelli's concept on Religion.
- (f) Hobbes on Human Nature.
- (g) Locke's on Natural Rights, Explain.
- (h) Locke was an Individualist. Explain.

SECTION - B

Answer all of the following questions : 16 x 4

AH POL - 11

( Turn Over )

( 8 )

**5th Semester Examination, 2021**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Full Marks : 80*

Answer any **one** Group as per your Syllabus

Answer from **all** the Parts as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks  
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as far as practicable*

GROUP — A

(MODEL SYLLABUS)

(INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT  
(ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL))

PART — I

1. Fill in the blanks : 1 × 12

(a) 'Varna dharma' and 'Ashrama' are found in the  
\_\_\_\_\_ traditions of pre-colonial Indian  
political thought.

(b) Examine the Shramanic traditions in India.

3. (a) Discuss on Manu's varnashrama and state-craft.

Or

(b) Examine Kautilya's views on relationship between ethics and politics.

4. (a) Examine Barani's ideas on duties of ideal Sultan.

Or

(b) Examine the political ideas of Buddha in Digha Nikaya.

5. (a) Examine Abul Fazal's views on Monarchy.

Or

(b) Examine Kabir as reformer.

- (b) \_\_\_\_\_ tradition denies the Supremacy of Vedas.
- (c) Kautilya is also known as \_\_\_\_\_
- (d) The 'Saptanga theory of state' was propounded by \_\_\_\_\_
- (e) The Eight fold path (Ashtangika marg) was given by \_\_\_\_\_
- (f) The famous book written by Kautilya is \_\_\_\_\_
- (g) Buddha and Mahavira, belonged to the \_\_\_\_\_ traditions of pre-colonial Indian political thought.
- (h) 'Fatawai-jahandari' was written by \_\_\_\_\_
- (i) \_\_\_\_\_ wrote the book, 'Akbarname'.
- (j) Kabir belonged to the \_\_\_\_\_ tradition of pre-colonial Indian political thought.

- (k) "Digha Nikaya" is a \_\_\_\_\_ scripture.
- (l) \_\_\_\_\_ gave the "Mandala" principle of State.

PART - II

2. Answer any eight of the following questions. The answer should be within two to three sentences maximum : 2 x 8

- (a) What is the central principle of ancient Indian political thought ?
- (b) What is the meaning of 'Dharma' according to ancient Indian political thought ?
- (c) What is the meaning of Brahminic traditions of pre-colonial Indian political thought ?
- (d) Who were the 'Shramanas' ?
- (e) Why 'Gautam Buddha' is famous ?
- (f) Who said, the world is full of suffering ?

( 4 )

- (g) Who is 'Manu in Indian political thought ?
- (h) Who was 'Vedvyasa' ?
- (i) What is 'Aggannasutta' ?
- (j) What was the position of women according to pre-colonial Indian political thought ?

PART - III

3. Answer any *eight* of the following questions.  
Answer should be within 75 words maximum : 3 × 8

- (a) The state in ancient India.
- (b) 'Varnashrama' Dharma according to Brahminic tradition.
- (c) "Astanga marg" concept given by Gautam Buddha.
- (d) "Saptanga Theory" given by Kautilya.
- (e) Qualities of a King described by Kautilya.

AH POL - 12

( Continued )

( 5 )

- (f) Three main teachings of Buddha.
- (g) Two most important works of Abul Fazal.
- (h) Two main teachings of Kabir.
- (i) Religious Syncretism.
- (j) Kingship theory of Barani.

PART - IV

- Answer all questions. Answer should be within 500 words maximum : 7 × 4

4. Compare the Brahminic and Shramanic traditions of ancient India.

Or

Write a note on the Syncretic tradition of India.

5. Discuss the idea of Rajadharma as portrayed in Shantiparva.

AH POL - 12

( Turn Over )

( 4 )

- (g) Who is 'Manu in Indian political thought ?
- (h) Who was 'Vedvyasa' ?
- (i) What is 'Aggannasutta' ?
- (j) What was the position of women according to pre-colonial Indian political thought ?

PART - III

3. Answer any *eight* of the following questions.  
Answer should be within 75 words maximum : 3 × 8

- (a) The state in ancient India.
- (b) 'Varnashrama' Dharma according to Brahmanic tradition.
- (c) "Astanga marg" concept given by Gautam Buddha.
- (d) "Saptanga Theory" given by Kautilya.
- (e) Qualities of a King described by Kautilya.

AH POL - 12

( Continued )

( 5 )

- (f) Three main teachings of Buddha.
- (g) Two most important works of Abul Fazal.
- (h) Two main teachings of Kabir.
- (i) Religious Syncretism.
- (j) Kingship theory of Barani.

PART - IV

Answer all questions. Answer should be within 500 words maximum : 7 × 4

4. Compare the Brahmanic and Shramanic traditions of ancient India.

Or

Write a note on the Syncretic tradition of India.

5. Discuss the idea of Rajadharma as portrayed in Shantiparva.

AH POL - 12

( Turn Over )



3. (a) Examine the various forms of censorship practices in China.

Or

(b) What is Terrorism ? Analyse various forms of Terrorism in India.

4. (a) Do you agree that caste leads to social inequality in India ?

Or

(b) What do you understand by Gender ? Highlight the various dimensions of Gender inequality in India.

5. (a) Do you think that Adivasis/Aboriginal are struggling for their Land Rights in India ?

Or

(b) Examine the characteristics of Domestic violence against women in Pakistan.

**5th Semester Examination, 2021**

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer any **one** Group as per your Syllabus

Answer from **all** the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words as far as practicable*

GROUP — A

(MODEL SYLLABUS)

(INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RIGHTS)

SECTION — A

1. Fill in the blanks : 1 x 12

(a) The universal declaration of Human Right was adopted by the General Assembly of U.N.O. on \_\_\_\_\_ .

(b) The National Human Rights Commission of India was constituted in the year \_\_\_\_\_ .

- (c) Human Rights Day is observed every year on \_\_\_\_\_ date.
- (d) The headquarter of National Human Rights Commission of India is at \_\_\_\_\_.
- (e) \_\_\_\_\_ was the first chairperson of National Human Rights Commission of India.
- (f) The slogan "All Human Rights for all" was adopted for the \_\_\_\_\_ anniversary of Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
- (g) Art. 3 of Universal Declaration of Human Rights says that, "Everyone has the right to life, liberty and \_\_\_\_\_ of person.
- (h) Fundamental Rights are granted in part \_\_\_\_\_ of Indian constitution.
- (i) Indian constitution has provided for \_\_\_\_\_ number of Fundamental Rights.
- (j) The U.N. General Assembly on the year \_\_\_\_\_ adopted the international covenant on civil and political rights.

- (k) Bill of Rights are mentioned in \_\_\_\_\_ chapter of South African Constitution.
- (l) Article 19. of Indian constitution provides for \_\_\_\_\_.

SECTION - B

2. Answer any *eight* of the following questions. The answer should be within *two* or *three* sentences maximum : 2 x 8
- (a) What is the meaning of Human Rights ?
  - (b) What is Article 1 of Universal Declaration Human Rights says ?
  - (c) What is the relationship between Human Rights and human development.
  - (d) Why the Universal Declaration of Human Rights is Important ?
  - (e) How many articles does the universal declaration of Human Rights contain ?
  - (f) Why Human Rights need to be protected globally ?

( 4 )

- (g) What are political rights ?
- (h) Who is a refugee ?
- (i) What is humanitarian Intervention ?
- (j) What is Article 17 of Fundamental Rights of India ?

SECTION - C

3. Answer any *eight* of the following questions.  
Answer should be within 75 words maximum :  $3 \times 8$
- (a) Civil Rights.
  - (b) Rights of child according to Indian Constitution.
  - (c) Equality under section 9 of Bill of Rights of South Africa.
  - (d) Habeas Corpus.
  - (e) Relationship between Human Rights and poverty reduction.
  - (f) Human Rights of Women.
  - (g) Vienna conference on Human Rights.

AD POL -01

( Continued )

( 5 )

- (h) State Human Rights Commission.
- (i) Causes of Civil War.
- (j) Rights of Minorities.

SECTION - D

Answer all questions The answer should be within 500 words maximum :  $7 \times 4$

4. Define Human Rights and discuss the historical evolution of Human Rights.

Or

Write a note on three generations of Human Rights.

5. Describe the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

Or

Discuss about implementation mechanism of universal declaration of Human Rights.

AD POL -01

( Turn Over )

6. Examine Bill of Rights enshrined in the constitution of South Africa.

Or

Analyse the Fundamental Rights enumerated in Indian constitution.

7. Make an analysis of International Refugee Law.

Or

Discuss the basic rules of International Humanitarian Law.

GROUP - B

( OLD SYLLABUS )

( HUMAN RIGHTS IN A COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVE )

SECTION - A

1. Answer the following :

2 x 8

(a) What do you mean by human right ?

(b) Discuss on Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

(c) What is Habeas Corpus of Indian constitution ? Is it a writ, discuss.

(d) What do you mean by Cast-based discrimination in India ?

(e) Women rights are violated in India. Discuss the causes.

(f) How human rights are violated in USA ? counterterrorism is a cause ?

(g) Examine Acts relating to aboriginal land rights in Australia.

(h) Examine the nature of domestic violence in India.

SECTION - B

Answer all questions :

16 x 4

2. (a) Define human rights. Examine universal declaration of Human Rights.

Or

(b) Compare the Constitutional status of human rights between India and South Africa.

3. (a) Discuss the Indo-Russia Relations in the 21st century.

Or

(b) Examine the areas of conflict and areas of co-operation in Indo-china relations.

4. (a) Discuss India's role in Peace and co-operation in South Asia.

Or

(b) Examine India's relations under Modi's period.

5. (a) Examine evolution of 'Act East Policy of India for enhancing the trade.

Or

(b) Have an assessment of India's Role in WTO.

**5th Semester Examination, 2021**

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer any one Group as per your Syllabus

Answer from all the Sections as per direction

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GROUP — A

( MODEL SYLLABUS )

**DEVELOPMENT PROCESS AND SOCIAL  
MOVEMENT IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA)**

SECTION — A

Fill in the blanks :

1 × 12

(a) Planning commission of India was established in the year \_\_\_\_\_.

( Turn Over )

- (b) India's First five year plan started in the year \_\_\_\_\_.
- (c) National Development Council was set up in the year \_\_\_\_\_.
- (d) NITI Aayog was established in the year \_\_\_\_\_.
- (e) \_\_\_\_\_ is the chairperson of NITI Aayog.
- (f) The Directive principles of state policy aims to make India a \_\_\_\_\_ state.
- (g) The Second Five Year Plan mostly focussed on \_\_\_\_\_.
- (h) Land Reforms Act was passed in the year \_\_\_\_\_.
- (i) The introduction of new techniques of agriculture and use of high yielding variety of seeds is known as \_\_\_\_\_ revolution.
- (j) \_\_\_\_\_ revolution is related to fish production.

- (k) \_\_\_\_\_ revolution is related to oilseed production.
- (l) Sunderlal Bahuguna is associated with \_\_\_\_\_ movement.

## SECTION - B

2. Answer any *eight* of the following questions. The answer should be within *two* or *three* sentences maximum :  $2 \times 8$

- (a) Why India is called a welfare state ?
- (b) What is liberalisation of economy ?
- (c) What is mixed economy ?
- (d) What were the main objectives of first five year plan ?
- (e) What is privatisation ?
- (f) What is organized labour ?
- (g) What is the main objective of social movements ?

( 4 )

- (h) What is environmental movement ?
- (i) What is HYV seeds ?
- (j) What is trafficking of women ?

SECTION - C

3. Answer any *eight* of the following questions.  
Answer should be within 75 words maximum :  $3 \times 8$

- (a) Three features of welfare state.
- (b) Fourth-Five Year Plan.
- (c) Globalisation.
- (d) Disinvestment.
- (e) Unorganised labour.
- (f) Domestic violence.
- (g) NITI Aayog.
- (h) Santal Revolt.
- (i) Role of Jagjivan Ram in Dalit movement of India.
- (j) Equal opportunities for women.

AD POL - 02

( Continued )

( 5 )

SECTION - D

Answer all questions :  $7 \times 4$

4. Discuss the role of planning commission in the development of India.

Or

Examine the important measures of liberalisation of Indian economy.

5. Make an analysis of the impact of industrial development on organised labour.

Or

Describe the impact of Green Revolution in India.

6. Explain the important approaches of the social movements in India.

Or

Make an analysis of important environmental movements of India.

AD POL - 02

( Turn Over )

( 6 )

7. Examine the major issues of tribal movements in India.

Or

Critically analyse the issues and challenges faced by left wing extremism.

GROUP – B

( OLD SYLLABUS )

( INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY IN A GLOBALISING WORLD )

SECTION – A

1. Answer the following :

2 × 8

- (a) Examine the rise of India as a strategic power.
- (b) Relevance of Panchasheel in Foreign Policy of India, Examine.
- (c) Examine the major determinants of India's Foreign Policy.

AD POL –02

( Continued )

( 7 )

(d) Discuss terrorism a factor in Indo-US Relations.

(e) India's relations with changing power blocks. Examine.

(f) Examine India's stand on Nuclear weapons.

(g) Discuss on India's relationship with Pakistan.

(h) Examine Indo-Russia relations under Modi Government.

SECTION – B

Answer all questions :

16 × 4

2. (a) Evaluate the major determining factors of India's foreign policy in the Post-Independent Era.

Or

(b) Discuss the Indo-US strategic partnership in the post-9/11 period.

AD POL –02

( Turn Over )



Total Pages—3

AH POL—11

2020

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

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as far as practicable*

**(CLASSICAL POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY)**

**SECTION – A**

1. Answer the following: 2 x 8
- (a) Critically evaluate the significance to the study of political thought.
  - (b) Plato's critique of Democracy.
  - (c) Plato's communism of wives and property.

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (d) Aristotle on Citizenship.
- (e) Aristotle on ideal State.
- (f) Machiavelli's views on Human nature.
- (g) What was man in the state of nature according to Hobbes ?
- (h) Locke is both an individualist and absolutist.

SECTION - B

Answer all questions : 16 x 4

- 2. (a) Critically examine Plato's concept of the Philosopher King/Queen.  
*Or*  
(b) Critically examine Plato's theory of communism of family and property.
- 3. (a) "Man, by nature, is a political animal. Evaluate Aristotle's political philosophy in the light of the above statement.

AH POL-11

( Continued )

( 3 )

*Or*

- (b) Critically examine Aristotle's views on Citizenship.
- 4. (a) Discuss Machiavelli's views on morality and statecraft.  
*Or*  
(b) Machiavelli is the bridge between classical and modern political philosophy. Evaluate.
- 5. (a) Analyse Hobbes's theory of Social Contract.  
*Or*  
(b) Evaluate Locke's theory of Natural Rights.

AH POL-11

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( 4 )

Or

(b) Analyze Abul Fazal's view on Monarchy discussed in the Ain-i-Akbari.

Total Pages—4

AH POL—12

2020

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

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*Candidates are required to answer in their own words as far as practicable*

**( INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT - I )**

**SECTION - A**

1. Answer the following :

2 x 8

- (a) What is Shramanic tradition in India ?
- (b) What are the political ideas in Shanti Parva of Mahabharat ?
- (c) What are the core ideas of Saptanga theory of Kautilya ?

( 2 )

- (d) What are the Sadagunaniti (six principles) in Kautilya's theory of State ?
- (e) What are the Buddha's ideas on theory of Kindship ?
- (f) What are the Ziauddin Barani's advices to Badshah ?
- (g) What is Abul Fazal's contribution to Indian Political thought ?
- (h) Kabir as a syncretic.

SECTION - B

16 x 4

Answer all questions :

2. (a) Describe the main characteristics of pre-colonial political thought of India.
- (b) Analyse the Islamic syncretism in the context of Indian political thought.

Or

( Continued )

AH POL-12

( 3 )

3. (a) Analyse the advices given by Bhishma to Yudhishthira on Rajadharma in the Shanti Parva of Mahabharata.

Or

- (b) Discuss the rights and duties of women narrated by Manu in the Manusmrti.
4. (a) Describe Mandal theory of Kautilya discussed in second chapter and part two of Arthashastra.

Or

- (b) Discuss the political ideas of Gautam Buddha in Digha Nikaya of Agganna Sutta.
5. (a) Examine the characteristics of an ideal ruler discussed in Fatwa-i-Jahandari of Ziauddin Barani.

AH POL-12

( Turn Over )

( 4 )

Or

(b) Discuss the impact of development induced displacement on Tribals in India.

Total Pages—4

AD POL—01

2020

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from both the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words as far as practicable*

**(HUMAN RIGHTS IN A COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVE)**

**SECTION — A**

1. Answer the following : 2 x 8

- (a) Evaluate the third Generation of Human Rights.
- (b) What are the Writs Provisions in Indian Constitution ?

( 2 )

- (c) What are different forms of Caste-based discrimination and violence in India ?
- (d) What are various forms of violation of the rights of women in India ?
- (e) Write the organization of the National Human Rights Commission.
- (f) How counterterrorism violates the Human Rights in USA ?
- (g) Explain the forms of domestic violence against women in India.
- (h) Mention different Acts relating to Aboriginal land rights in Australia.

SECTION - B

Answer all questions : 16 x 4

- 2. (a) Define Human Rights. Discuss the phases of the evolution of Human Rights.

AD POL-01

( Continued )

( 3 )

Or

- (b) Write an essay on the Three Generations of Rights.
- 3. (a) Discuss the various forms of torture and violation of Human Rights in India.

Or

- (b) What is censorship ? Discuss the various forms of censorship practices in China.
- 4. (a) Write an essay on the socio, economic and political status of Black Population in South Africa.

Or

- (b) Discuss the main features of caste system in India. Make Suggestions aiming at solving the problem of Casteism.
- 5. (a) Discuss the forms of Domestic violence against women in Pakistan.

AD POL-01

( Turn Over )

Total Pages—7

AD POL—02

2020

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from both the Sections as per direction  
from any one Group

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks  
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as far as practicable*

GROUP — A

**( INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY IN  
A GLOBALIZING WORLD )**

SECTION — A

1. Answer the following : 2 x 8
- (a) How democracy is a major source of strength  
for India's foreign policy ?

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (b) What are the Ethnic Factors in Foreign policy of India ?
- (c) What are the major bases and determinants of India's foreign policy ?
- (d) Highlight India's nuclear relations with the USA.
- (e) Highlight the Post-Cold War India-Russia Relations.
- (f) What are the developments in India's Relations with the USA after September 11 ?
- (g) What are the objectives of Act East policy of India ?
- (h) Trace India's role in the contemporary multipolar world.

SECTION - B

Answer all questions :

16 x 4

( 3 )

- 2. (a) What are the main elements of international determinants of India's foreign policy ?
- Or
- (b) Analyse global responsibilities of India and challenges to its current position.

(b) Analyse global responsibilities of India and challenges to its current position.

- 3. (a) Discuss the evolving ties with USA in post Cold War climate.

Or

- (b) Discuss India's relations with USSR in Cold War period and Russia in post Cold War period.

- 4. (a) Discuss India-China Relations during post Cold War period.

Or

- (b) Discuss the contribution of India to SAARC

( Turn Over )



( 4 )

for the development and peace in South Asia.

5. (a) Discuss the evolution of 'Look East Policy' and the 'Act East Policy' of India for enhancing the trade.

Or

- (b) What is myth and reality of India as an Emerging Global Power? Describe in your own words.

GROUP -- B

(WOMEN, POWER AND POLITICS)

SECTION - A

1. Answer all the following questions : 2 x 8
- (a) Differentiate between Sex and gender.
- (b) What is feminism and who is a feminist ?
- (c) Why Patriarchy is responsible for Women's Subordination ?

AD POL-02

( Continued )

( 5 )

- (d) What is Gender discrimination ?
- (e) What are the risk factors in Violence against Women ?
- (f) What is Sexual division of labour in the contemporary labour market ?
- (g) What are the productive and reproductive labours of women ?
- (h) What are the Visible and Invisible work of women ?

SECTION - B

Answer all questions : 16 x 4

2. (a) What is Patriarchy ? How patriarchy is responsible for women subordination ?
- Or
- (b) The slogan 'The personal is political' was to

AD POL-02

( Turn Over )

( 6 )

challenge the vagueness of the public and private divide.

3. (a) How we understanding Feminism ? Explain the different phases of feminist movement.

Or

(b) Should the state intervene in the institution of family ? Give your own opinion.

4. (a) Critically estimate Women's Participation in Anti-Colonial and National Liberation Movements in India.

Or

(b) Critically examine the history of women's struggle in Post-Independent India.

5. (a) What is Visible and Invisible work of women ? How 'invisible work' typed as women's unpaid labour ?

AD POL-02

( Continued )

AD POL-02

( 7 )

Or

(b) Discuss the causes of Sexual Division of Labour. Why women's work is considered as unpaid, underpaid and invisible ?

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2019

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from **both** the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks  
Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

**( CLASSICAL POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY )**

**SECTION — A**

1. Answer the following : 2 × 8

- (a) What do you mean by political philosophy ?  
Give its importance.
- (b) Write the names of two important writings  
of plato and name the University  
established by him.

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (c) According to Aristotle who is a citizen ?
- (d) Write two features of Aristotle's ideal state.
- (e) Give two important contributions of Machiavelli to Political Philosophy.
- (f) Write two suggestions of Machiavelli to the prince to retain powers.
- (g) How was man in the state of Nature according to Hobbes ?
- (h) Write two features to prove Locke as an Individualist.

SECTION—B

Answer all questions : 16 × 4

- 2. (a) Give a critical analysis of Plato's ideal state.

Or

- (b) Discuss Plato's concept of Justice.
- 3. (a) Discuss Aristotle's theory of citizenship.

AH POL-11

(Continued)

( 3 )

Or

- (b) Aristotle is the father of Political Science—Examine.
- 4. (a) Machiavelli is the first modern Political Thinker—Examine.

Or

- (b) Discuss the political philosophy of Machiavelli.
- 5. (a) Critically examine the Leviathan of Hobbes.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Locke's theory of Social Contract.

AH POL-11

BA—4,450

2019

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from **both** the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

**( INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT )**

**SECTION — A**

**1. Answer all the questions : 2 × 8**

- (a) What is Islamic tradition of India ?
- (b) What is Aapadhharma Parva ?
- (c) What is Varnashramadhharma ?

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (d) What are constituent of a state according to Aagansutta ?
- (e) What is an Ideal Bureaucracy according to Barani ?
- (f) What is village communities as conceived by Abul Fazal ?
- (g) Who is a Kabir Panthi ?
- (h) Give some examples of syncretic idea of Kabir.

SECTION – B

Answer all the questions : 16 × 4

2. Discuss the tradition of precolonial political thought in India.

Or

Analyse the Brahmanic and Shramanic tradition in India.

3. Manu is called father of Indian Polity. Discuss.

AH POL-12

(Continued)

( 3 )

Or

Discuss Manu's ideas on Government and State.

4. Discuss Kautilya's concept of State and its elements.

Or

Examine the contribution of Kautilya to Indian political tradition.

5. Discuss the political ideas of Aagansutta.

Or

Examine the views of Abul Fazal on Monarchy.

AH POL-12

BA-4,450

2019

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from **both** the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

**( HUMAN RIGHTS IN A COMPARATIVE  
PERSPECTIVE )**

**SECTION – A**

1. Answer *all* the following questions :      2 × 8

(a) Define human rights.

(b) Differentiate human rights from natural rights.

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (c) What do you mean by "torture" ?
- (d) Give the meaning of surveillance.
- (e) What is caste ?
- (f) What is structural violence ?
- (g) Distinguish gender from sex.
- (h) Who are Aborigines ?

SECTION – B

Answer all questions : 16 × 4

2. (a) What do you mean by Human Right ? Discuss three generation of rights.

Or

- (b) Describe universal Declaration of Human Rights.

3. (a) What is torture ? Discuss different methods of torture which are still in practice.

AD POL-01

( Continued )

AD POL-01

BA-4,450

( 3 )

Or

- (b) Write a note on surveillance and censorship in India.
4. (a) Discuss how caste and race are used for violation of human rights in South Africa.

Or

- (b) Describe Constitutional and legal provisions in India to combat caste related violence.

5. (a) Describe the consequences of gender based violence.

Or

- (b) Compare between Australia and India in respect to land rights of Aborigines/ Adivasis.

\_\_\_\_\_

AD POL-01

( Continued )

AD POL-01

BA-4,450



( 6 )

Or

(b) Examine the issues of women's work, productive and reproductive labour.

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Total Pages—6

AD POL—02

2019

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from **both** the Sections as per direction, from any **one** Group

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks  
Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

GROUP — A

( INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY IN A  
GLOBALIZING WORLD)

SECTION — A

1. Answer *all* questions of the following : 2 x 8  
(a) What is Panchasheela ?

( 2 )

- (b) What is NPT ?
- (c) What is Globalisation ?
- (d) What is CTBT ?
- (e) What is south China sea dispute ?
- (f) What is New Moore Island dispute ?
- (g) What is special Economic Zone ?
- (h) What is WTO and GATT ?

SECTION – B

Answer all questions : 16 × 4

2. What is the impact of globalisation on Indian Foreign Policy ? 16

Or

What are the challenges of Indian Foreign Policy during the post cold war period ?

3. Discuss Indo-Russian relation in the post cold war period. 16

AD POL-02

(Continued)

( 3 )

Or

What are the problems and prospects of Indo-China relation ?

4. Discuss the dispute of Kashmir as an International Crisis ? 16

Or

Discuss Indo-Sri Lankan relation at the backdrop of Tamilian crisis.

5. Discuss India's relation with its neighbours. 16

Or

Discuss the Foreign policy of Narendra Modi govt. in recent part.

GROUP – B

( WOMEN, POWER AND POLITICS)

AD POL-02

( Turn Over )

## SECTION — A

Or

1. Answer *all* the following questions : 2 × 8

(a) Feminist views of sex and gender.

(b) Types of Feminism.

(c) Gender relations in family.

(d) Objectives of Women's movement in India.

(e) What is domestic violence ?

(f) Difference between visible and invisible work.

(g) What is Reproductive Right ?

(h) What is sex division of work ?

## SECTION — B

Answer *all* questions : 16 × 4

2. (a) Discuss the features of Patriarchy and explain causes and consequences of Patriarchy.

(b) Discuss the feminist view on private and public women distinctions.

3. (a) Examine the features of Liberal Feminism.

Or

(b) Examine the issues of gender relations in India.

4. (a) Discuss the historical overview of Women's Movement in India.

Or

(b) Discuss the origin, growth and emergence of Feminist Movement.

5. (a) Give an account of violence against rural women in India.

Total Pages—3

73  
HRS  
5th SEMESTER 2018  
HODS P.11 & 12  
AH POL-11

2018

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from both the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

**( CLASSICAL POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY )**

**SECTION – A**

1. Answer *all* the following questions :  $2 \times 8$
- (a) Write two features of Plato's system of education.
  - (b) Give two differences between Plato's Communism and modern communism.

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (c) Write briefly Aristotle's classification of government.
- (d) According to Aristotle who is a citizen ?
- (e) What were the important influences on Machiavelli ?
- (f) Give the names of two important writings of Machiavelli.
- (g) Define Hobbesian concept of law of nature.
- (h) How was man in the state of nature according to Locke ?

SECTION -- B

Answer all questions : 16 x 4

2. (a) Critically evaluate Plato's concept of Justice.
- Or
- (b) Make a critical analysis of Plato's concept of Philosopher King.
3. (a) Discuss Aristotle's theory of State.

AH POL-11

(Continued)

( 3 )

Or

- (b) Why is Aristotle acknowledged as the Father of Political Science ? Give reasons for your answer.
4. (a) Discuss Machiavelli's political ideas.
- Or
- (b) Machiavelli was the child of his time. — Examine.
5. (a) Critically examine Hobbes' theory of sovereignty.

Or

- (b) Discuss Locke as a liberal philosopher.

AH POL-11

BA-4,300

2018

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from both the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

**( INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I )**

**SECTION – A**

1. Answer *all* the questions : 2 × 8
- (a) What do you mean by Brahmanic tradition ?
  - (b) Who is Vyas Dev ?
  - (c) What is Manusmriti ?

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (d) What is Arthasastra ?  
(e) What are the elements of state according to Kautilya ?  
(f) Who is Aganasutte ?  
(g) Who is Abul Fazal ?  
(h) Give some examples of syncretic ideas of Kabir.

SECTION - B

Answer all the questions :

2. Discuss the Islamic and syncretic tradition of India. 16

Or

Discuss Veda Vyasa views on Rajdharma.

3. Discuss the political ideas of Manu. 16

Or

Discuss the contribution of Manu to Indian political tradition.

AH POL-12

(Continued)

( 3 )

4. Discuss the ideas of Kautilya on Foreign policy of a state and its security. 16

Or

Discuss Kautilya's concept of state and its elements.

5. Examine the concept of ideal polity by Ziauddin Barani. 16

Or

Examine Abul Fazal's views on Monarchy.

AH POL-12

BA-4,300

2018

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from both the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

**( HUMAN RIGHTS IN A COMPARATIVE  
PERSPECTIVE )**

**SECTION – A**

1. Answer *all* the following questions : 2 × 8
- (a) What do you mean by Human rights ?
  - (b) What do you mean by Right to equality ?
  - (c) What is "torture" ?

( Turn Over )



( 2 )

- (d) Give the meaning of 'censorship'.
- (e) What is caste ?
- (f) What are different types of caste related violence in India ?
- (g) Distinguish between gender and sex.
- (h) Who are Adivasis ?

SECTION -- B

Answer all questions : 16 x 4

- 2. (a) What is Human Right ? Discuss three generation of rights.
- Or
- (b) Discuss the Bill of Rights enshrined in the Constitution of South Africa.
- 3. (a) Describe different methods of torture which are still in practice.

AD POL-01

( Continued )

( 3 )

Or

- (b) Define terrorism and discuss how it is detrimental to human rights.
- 4. (a) Discuss how caste and race are used for violation of human rights in India.

Or

- (b) Describe constitutional and legal provisions in South Africa to combat racial violence in South Africa.
- 5. (a) Discuss the causes of gender based violence in India.
- Or
- (b) Describe cases of gender based violence in Pakistan.

AD POL-01

BA-4,300

2018

( 5th Semester )

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 80

Answer from both the Sections as per direction

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to answer in their own words  
as far as practicable*

**( INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY IN A  
GLOBALIZING WORLD )**

**SECTION – A**

1. Answer *all* the following questions : 2 × 8
- (a) What is Non-alignment Policy ?
  - (b) What do you know about NIEO ?
  - (c) What is a Cold War ?
  - (d) What is Amnesty International ?

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (e) What is DOKLAM Controversy ?
- (f) What is SAARC ?
- (g) What is a Landlocked state ?
- (h) What is KYOTO PROTOCOL ?

SECTION -- B

Answer all questions :

2. What are determinants of Indian foreign policy ? 16

Or

What is NAM ? Discuss its achievements during the Cold War period.

3. Discuss Indo-US relation in the post Cold War period. 16

Or

Discuss Indo-China Relation in the globalised world.

AD POL-02

( Continued )

( 3 )

4. Discuss the problems and prospects of Indo-Pak relation. 16

Or

Discuss the role of SAARC in securing peace in South Asia.

5. Discuss India's relation with European Union in the post Cold War period. 16

Or

Discuss the achievements of Indian foreign policy in the multipolar world.

AD POL-02

BA-4,300